HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

THE WEATHER.

For Boston and vicinity: Fair to-day and warmer; light southwest winds; possibly showers Thursday.

High water 2:00 a. m. and 2:15 p. m.

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY NEWSPAPER

LATEST AFTERNOON EDITION

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WITZHOFF'S OWN STORY:

'HOW I WED 32 WOMEN'

Arch-Bigamist Writes His Autobiography, the First Instalment of Which Is Printed Here---Tells How He Married, Robbed and Deserted Score and a Half of Women.

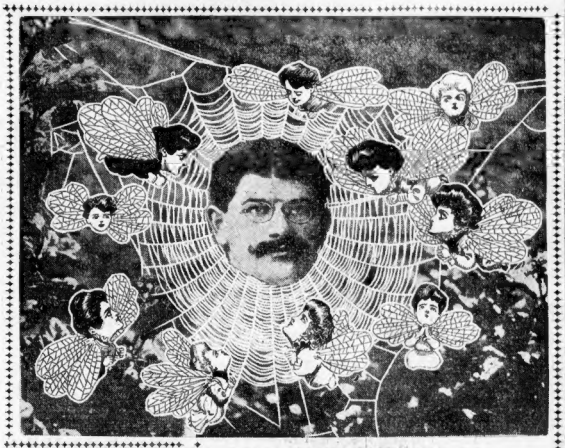
Counting among the victims of his schemes a Boston woman, and having hundreds of his acquaintances in Boston and Chelsea, where he was known as Edmund R. Muller, Dr. George R. Witzhoff, arch-bigamist and swindler, for whom the police of several countries are searching, has written one of the most remarkable criminal autobiographies ever placed on paper. The first instalment is published in the BOSTON AMERICAN to-day.

It is but recently that the police of Boston, assisted by Mrs. Elta Randall-Muller of Cambridge, one of his former wives, sought Witzhoff about his old haunts. He had practiced dentistry in this city and Chelsea, but before the search for him became aware of his danger and fled.

There were many dramatic episodes in his life here, not the least among which was the manner in which he associated with people of standing in the community and convinced Freemasons who did not take the pains to question him closely that he was a member of the order, although he had never taken the degrees.

HOW THE WIVES WERE DRAWN TO BIGAMIST WITZHOFF'S WEB.

The confessed arch-bigamist is shown in the centre of the picture



CAMBRIDGE WOMAN, ONE OF WITZHOFF'S WIVES.

ROOSEVELT STARTED FOR SOUTH TODAY

Will Tour Seaboard States and Visit Tuskegee and New Orleans.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Promptly on scheduled time, at 8:30 o'clock to-day, President Roosevelt started on his southern tour via the Southern Railway. Among those at the station to see him off was M. Jusserand, the French Ambassador.

A crowd of about one hundred people, most of them railroad men, cheered the President as the train pulled out.

It is known that the President has looked forward with the keenest zest to the trip. It will take him to the old home of his mother in Georgia. He will visit most of the leading cities of the seaboard states and gulf region, and in spite of yellow fever will have a day in New Orleans. He will visit Tuskegee and will see the famous institution built up by Booker T. Washington.

His first stop will be Richmond, where he will be entertained seven hours. He will then depart for Raleigh, N. C. From there he will go to Atlanta, Roswell, Jacksonville, St. Augustine, Mobile, Birmingham, and various less important points. He will be at Little Rock October 26, and the next day at New Orleans.

After a day at New Orleans, the party will leave on a cruiser for Norfolk and Washington. Barring bad weather and accidents he will reach Washington again October 31.

Accompanying the President on the trip are John A. Mellhenny of Louisiana, John C. Greenway of Michigan, John S. Elliot, commissioner of the interior for Porto Rico, and Colonel L. S. Brown, general agent of the Southern Railway Company.

The President's car on the trip is the Signet, one of the most elaborately fitted Pullmans in service. This is the second trip the President has made in it. In addition to the Signet are the Pinafore, compartment car; the Victoria, diner, and a Southern combination car.

ABOLISH FLAG RUSH AT TUFTS

By a majority vote of the freshman class of Tufts the old-time flag rush was abolished. The Sword and Shield Society, the secret organization of the sophomore class, has taken similar action.

The rush has already taken place on the Tuesday before Thanksgiving, but last year the date was changed to the last Saturday in October.

The movement for the abolition was started by Tower Cross, the honorary senior society. Communications were sent to President Dayton G. Vogt of the sophomore class and to President William E. Mulcahy of the freshman class by Frank T. Farnsworth, president of Tower Cross, asking that the matter be considered. The freshmen, after considering the matter, decided that the continuance of it was inadvisable.

RETIRED COLONEL DEAD.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 18.—Colonel John Nicholas Cox, U. S. A., retired, a descendant of John Alden, has died in this city.

INSANE NEGRO CHASES WOMAN

PLYMOUTH, Oct. 18.—Minot St. Clair Francis, the dangerously insane negro who escaped from the Bridgewater Asylum for the criminal insane, has appeared in Pond Village, a small hamlet in Kingston. According to the statements of Mrs. Otis Churchill she was chased by Francis.

Her brother-in-law, George L. Churchill, tells a story of a burly negro, whom he claims to have recognized as Francis, entering his house, warning himself at the fire, and after a few minutes leaving without having uttered a word. When he left the house, the negro is said to have started toward Plymouth. The whole section is alarmed over the reported visit of Francis, who was thought to be in New Hampshire.

CLERK AND HEIRESS WED.

BATH, Me., Oct. 18.—Arthur F. Larrabee, a young grocery clerk of Boothbay Harbor, and Miss Grace A. Maxwell, heiress of the large estate of the late Charles H. Maxwell of this city, have been married in the Universalist Church by the Rev. Alpheus B. Hervey.

SURVIVORS TO BE SENT HOME

William E. Warner and William Thompson, the two negro sailors who are the sole survivors of a crew of eight men who left the wreck of the Van Name and King and drifted about the Atlantic until all but Warner and Thompson were drowned, will be sent back to their homes in Antigua, British West Indies, by the British government. They have been cared for temporarily by the British consul here and Captain Fred H. Allen of the schooner Stillman F. Kelley, which picked them up.

Captain Allen tells a terrible story of the condition in which he found the men. "Man eating sharks were swimming around the raft the men were on," said the captain. "The survivors were so weak they could hardly stand. Their bodies were covered by running sores made by the water. Their tongues were parched and they were unable to speak. We bathed them with arnica and fed them with gruel until they recovered. I never again want to witness so horrible a sight."

JACK "TWIN" WINNER IN LONG HARD FIGHT

THE BOSTON BOXER PROVED TOO MUCH FOR BURNS AT LOS ANGELES.

By Boston American Leased Wire.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 18.—After twenty rounds of hard fighting Jack (Twin) Sullivan of Boston was given the decision over Tommy Burns of Detroit at the Pacific Athletic Pavilion.

It was a hard, vicious battle, but Sullivan earned the decision by outpointing his young opponent and just at the close of the last round the Boston boy scored a clean knockdown with a left jab to the jaw. Referee Tyron raised Sullivan's glove in the air and there was not a dissenting voice in the big crowd of 4,000 spectators.

Sullivan was handicapped in the weight. Upping the scales at 153½ pounds at 2 o'clock, while Burns weighed 150½, and was easily ten pounds the heavier when they entered the ring.

Tommy was by no means out at the windup, but he had an opponent far too clever for him.

BURNS BADLY PUNISHED.

Sullivan blocked many of the leads and reached Burns' stomach repeatedly with a left that did no good. Except for a few red marks on his body "Twin" bore no marks of the battle, while Burns had a bleeding nose and a badly swollen eye.

The first round was one of few blows, the men dabbling about and doing little leading. In the second Sullivan began to open up, and his good left found the solar plexus of Tommy's stomach any number of times. Tommy occasionally landed with his left on the stomach and used a right overhand swing, which worried "Twin" when it landed.

The fight was one long series of clinches. The men would fight out of one and into another. Clean blows were few excepting Sullivan's smashes to the stomach with his left. In clinches Sullivan used his elbows with telling effect on Tom's face and was warned repeatedly.

FORCED TWIN HARD.

At the start Sullivan sailed along with a slight lead, but after the fifth round Burns picked up and forced Sullivan hard. In the twelfth round Sullivan, by planting his left in the stomach and to the head repeatedly, had Burns worried, but at the close of the round Tommy came back like a demon and was going to it strong. Those awful lefts which landed solidly in the pit of Burns's stomach would have put an ordinary man out of the way, but Tommy just waded in and took all that came. He put up a hard fight and at times had Sullivan dizzy, but "Twin" always came back after a rest.

The eighteenth was a slashing round, with both men fighting hard. The honors were about even. The nineteenth was another good one, and at the bell in the last Burns went in to make a whirlwind finish. They fought back and forth across the ring, clinched half of the time, and as the two drew near Sullivan staggered Tommy with a left to the jaw, and just before the gong sent Burns down with the same blow. Tommy was up in an instant, but the fight was over.

ROGERS WANTS TAX REDUCED

NEW BEDFORD, Oct. 18.—Charged with having taken advantage of the illness of H. H. Rogers, the Standard Oil magnate, to levy an exorbitant assessment upon the Atlas Tank Company, of which he is the principal owner, the Fairhaven assessors are holding a public hearing to determine whether or not the amount shall be reduced from $485,000 to $300,000. The latter figure, the company declares, is the actual cash value of the property.

The assessors had the opportunity to put their hand into a sick man's pocket and they did it, declared President Wing of the company at the hearing.

"The Penitent's" Story.

This autobiography was sent by Witzhoff to Miss Alice Hall, a young girl whom he deceived and deserted in New Cross, a suburb of London, England, and was obtained from her by the London Evening News, the afternoon newspaper owned by Sir Alfred Harmsworth. He wrote her a letter at the same time in which he told her he had repented and was going to spend the remainder of his life quietly on an estate in Roumania. There he is known as F. A. Shotz, the initials of which name he signed to the preface of his confession. Other names by which he is known are Frederick A. Schotz, Dr. Wisthoff, Dr. Weston, Dr. Edward Wisthoff, and Frederick Schotze.

Besides the preface, which is given below, without change, he wrote the following heading for his story:

"Bluebeard's true life story. The American arch-bigamist. The man with thirty names and thirty-two (married) wives, written and told by himself."

The complete autobiography and confession, as written by Witzhoff, will be published in the BOSTON AMERICAN. The preface and first chapter follow:

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THE PREFACE.

If all the girls and women I promised marriage, and got on short pretence money from, would be put up it would not ten amount to one hundred, but herewith I give the real facts of all my wrong-doing and have only thirty-two (women married) wives.

THE STORY—CHAPTER I.

I was born in Neufchatel, Switzerland, of very well-to-do and respectable parents, 1864, January 18.

My father was a good surgeon, and had extensive practice. At the age of sixteen I could fluently speak French, German, Italian, Spanish, Russian, and Roumanian.

I left my father in 1880. I emigrated to America, and arrived April 12, 1881.

I became a apprentice to the rumore Dr. Mouit, No. 1950 Arch street, Philadelphia, and had a course in dentistry of three years. I passed my examination. Then I came home to Switzerland to take possession of my father's inheritance, and remained there five years with my dear mother and grandmother.

JUMPED $5,000 BOND.

In 1889 I came to the United States again, and started a pharmacy with the money I inherited from my father at Tweoat-third and State streets, Chicago. I had a splendid income at the age of twenty-seven.

I met at my pharmacy a famous surgeon engaged in malpractice, Dr. James O'Neil. We became friends and prolonged together until 1890, when we got into trouble, and we were put under $5,000 bonds each. I had a friend, Signore Nicola Badillo, whose name I used for me of $5,000.

I skipped away to Canada, and started a dental practice in Montreal, at No. 122 Lawrence street, as Doctor G. Colby, and had a good practice.

I visited all the Christian Science meetings and thus got a lot of patients. One morning at 3 a. m. a knock came to my door and I grabbed my revolver. I opened the door and there stood my friend Badillo, who I know had scouted the country for me and said, "Alberto Sono me names, Albert I am your friend and I will tell you how to pay me the money back. So," he said, "as your name is not Colby, it don't matter. I know a widow that has plenty of money, and you can marry her

Continued on Page 8, Column 6.

KILLS FRIEND AT GOLF AND IS IN COLLAPSE

Accident at Brae-Burn Links Results in Quick Death to Player.

WERE CHUMS 40 YEARS

From the effects of an accidental blow on the temple from a golf club in the hands of his lifelong friend and business associate, Walter E. Watt, president of the Walt Coal Company, of Boston, Charles Mann, of No. 26 Crawford street, Roxbury, a member of the Darrow-Mann Coal Company, died at the clubhouse of the Brae-Burn Golf Club.

Mr. Watt is prostrated with grief and is under the care of a physician at his home at No. 48 Prince street, West Newton. It is feared that he will not recover from the shock.

The two men, each of whom was over sixty years of age, had been chums for forty years. They were closely associated, both in business and social affairs.

Almost overcome by emotion, his voice breaking as he tried to control it, Mr. Watt, just after his friend's death, told of the accident:

"While the death of my dear friend was purely the result of accident, he said, "I feel as fully absolved from all the responsibility for my own family had passed away. It is a misfortune that I cannot find words to discuss.

"Mr. Mann and I had played golf together many times. We did not play by the hard and fast rules of the game, but liked to drive the ball along with easy strokes and then follow at our leisure.

"When the accident occurred we were playing off the ninth tee. In swinging the driver over my shoulder before making my drive the club struck Mr. Mann on the temple. The blow was not heavy enough to knock him down. It made a slight cut which started to bleed.

WALKED TO CLUBHOUSE.

"We immediately stopped playing and started for the clubhouse, Mr. Mann walking the distance without any assistance from me. I had tied my handkerchief about his head and he declared that he was not seriously hurt.

"When we reached the clubhouse he walked to an armchair and sat down. Then he complained that he was feeling badly grew weak. We placed him on a couch and made him as comfortable as possible. A physician was called, but in spite of all his efforts Mr. Mann died three hours later."

No one at the clubhouse, when the two men arrived there, had any idea that Mr. Mann was seriously injured. He said that he wanted to rest a few minutes, as he was a "little puckered out." He seemed to feel better at first and was chatting with some of his friends, when suddenly he became faint and sank back on the couch. Dr. H. H. Hassell was in attendance, but he was unable to revive the injured man.

Mr. Watt Overcome.

For several minutes Mr. Watt refused to believe that his friend was dead, and when he was finally convinced his grief was pitiful. When friends led him away from the body of his chum of forty years he was unable to restrain himself and sobbed like a child.

Medical Examiner West of Middlesex County was immediately summoned. After making a careful examination of the body he declared that death was due to the effects of the blow of a golf club, which brought on an attack of heart failure. Mr. Mann is survived by his physicians to have been of an apoplectic nature.

The family of the victim absolve Mr. Walt from any blame in the matter. They were solicitous that the news be not made public.

Walter S. Watt, Jr., speaking of his father's accident and death, said: "My poor father is almost prostrated, and he can't realize himself the fact that the accident couldn't have been helped. I, too, was a member of the Brae Burn links at the time. Some friends and myself were engaged in a four some and we came to the ninth tee a few minutes after the accident occurred. I saw my father and Mr. Mann walking toward the clubhouse, and I noticed that the latter's face was covered with blood. I hurried to them and asked if the injury was serious. Mr. Mann said it was not.

Thought Them Joking.

"Then, never conceiving for an instant that the least serious results would come from the matter, I continued the game with my friends. When they told me at the clubhouse that Mr. Mann had died, I thought they were joking.

"My father and Mr. Mann were the very best of friends. They had been together and spent many holidays in each other's company. Being associated in the same business and having offices in the same building they found much pleasure in conversation in which both were deeply interested. All of our family are heart broken over the accident.

Charles Mann lived at No. 26 Crawford street, Roxbury. For forty-five years he was associated with the Darrow-Mann Co. for thirty-three years he was a member of the Darrow-Mann Company. He was also a director of the Walt Coal Company, and vice-president and director of the Commercial Tug Boat Company. Born in Boston in 1845, he was educated in the public schools and started upon a business career at an early age.

Leaves Widow and Daughter.

Thirty-five years ago Mr. Mann married Miss Ella Elizabeth Dove, daughter of George Dove of Roxbury. Since their marriage they lived in the Elm Hill district. Mr. Mann is survived by a widow, a daughter, Mrs. Florence Bowker of Roxbury, a grandson, and a brother, Benjamin Mann of Dorchester.

He was a member of the Algonquin Club of Boston, the Commonwealth, Dorchester, the Brae Burn Golf Club of Newton, and the Coal Club of Boston. He was also a Mason, a member of Columbia Lodge, A. F. and A. M., St. Andrew's Royal Arch Chapter and Boston Commandery, Knights Templar.

He was an active member of the Elm Hill Baptist Church, Quincy street, Dorchester. Mr. Mann was a well known golfer on the links and was very popular with his fellow players. His distressing death has cast a shadow of gloom in Boston and Newton mourn his untimely loss.

INDICT FORMER BOSTON BANKER

Among those indicted by the Denver Grand Jury on the charge of conspiring to steal $1,712,587.13 from the Denver Savings Bank of H. L. Hall, ex-cashier, and formerly president of the Mt. Vernon National Bank of this city.

Mr. Hall has been a shareholder of that institution for several years and at present holds a small amount of stock. He was made president the first of this year, but when word reached this city that he was connected with a bank scandal in Denver, the directors of the Mt. Vernon National Bank asked him to resign.

Mr. Angell he tendered his resignation, which was at once accepted, and John H. Allen of 865 Beacon street, Newton, was elected president.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

EVIDENCE ENOUGH TO HOLD WOMAN FOR DEATH OF NORTHEY, SAY POLICE

MARION CARY, SWEETHEART OF NORTHEY, MAINE TRAGEDY VICTIM.

Father of the Victim and Sweetheart's Family Aid Authorities in Getting Evidence.

Mrs. Cooper, in Augusta Jail, Is Confident of Her Acquittal at Trial.

AUGUSTA, Me., Oct. 18.—Confident that they have sufficient evidence to make sure the indictment of Mrs. Edwin J. Cooper on the charge of having killed Charles D. Northey, Jr., at her home in South Windsor, County Attorney Leigh and the other authorities are now preparing for the trial of the case that begins next Monday.

Mrs. Cooper, her husband and many of her friends are confident that the court will be able to prove her innocence. The little town of South Windsor is about equally divided in opinion as to the death of the young man. Many still adhere to the belief that Northey committed suicide as was at first announced.

Mr. Cooper refuses now to discuss the case with anyone. His only comment when questioned is, "I have no doubt as to the outcome of this affair." Cooper appears much more confident now that he did at first. He still shows the strain of the past week to a considerable extent, but has regained much of his courage.

Many friends of Mrs. Cooper declare that she was physically incapable of killing young Northey and share her husband's confidence in her acquittal. They point to her life in South Windsor as exemplary in every particular and declare that such a thing as murder could not enter her mind.

The authorities, of course, are silent while they will not discuss the case in any detail, declare that they have all the evidence that they need. They have been aided in their work by young Northey's father and by R. V. Cary, father of Marian Cary, the fifteen-year-old girl to whom Northey had paid court for more than a year.

The letters that Miss Cary received nearly a year ago writing her to have nothing more to do with Northey and telling her that she should never marry him are believed by the county officials to furnish strong circumstantial evidence. Mr. Cary declares that he knows who wrote the letters and has told the name of the author to the police. He says he recognized the hand-writing as soon as he saw it and has remembered it ever since. It is said that the police place a great deal of reliance upon Mr. Cary's testimony in this matter.

The two children of the Coopers have returned to school. Their home has been closed and they live with their father at the home of Henry Cooper, a distant relative. The children realize the awful shadow that is hanging over their home but do not discuss the tragedy or their mother's predicament with anyone. Frank Nelson, the school-master, shows the little ones every kindness and guards them against hearing any chance remarks on the case by the other pupils of the school.

HARD LUCK HITS 2 STOWAWAYS

Harry Fitzgerald, aged twenty-two, and Walter Warley, aged twenty-one, both Americans, laid for two days in the forepeak of the British barque, barked under layers of sails and tarpaulins, unable to extricate themselves, without food or water.

They escaped as a ruthless some months ago, and had wandered around the British

BUSINESS NOTICES.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

SPECTATORS JEER M'CURDY AT HEARING

Mutual's Head, at Bay, Protests Against Questions and Becomes Defiant.

FORCED TO MAKE ANSWER

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Writhing under the lash of investigator Hughes's whip, Richard McCurdy, president of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, protested against answering questions put him, was forced to submit to them in the committee room and threatened with prosecution noise answered questions.

A laugh went around the court room when Mr. McCurdy made a pertinent answer that turned upon himself. Mr. Hughes read off a list of dividends to a number of policies, showing how the dividends had decreased in amount, although the receipts of the company had increased.

"How about these?" asked Mr. Hughes.

"You will have to put that question to the actuary. The actuary of the company is all about the calculation of dividends," replied Mr. McCurdy.

"Yes, but you have been connected with this company for forty years, and are supposed to know something about the business," said Mr. Hughes. "I am trying to find out just how much you do know about it. You have been getting $150,000 a year, and I want to find out how responsible you are for it. Now then, are these figures correct, and if so how do you explain them?" demanded Mr. Hughes.

McCurdy Jeered By Crowd.

"Figures can't lie, but liars can figure," said Mr. McCurdy, snappily. Then, he added hastily, "I assure you I speak facetiously."

A laugh, mingled with jeers, went around the room, and Chairman Armstrong said that unless silence was maintained he would clear the room.

Mr. McCurdy was intensely aggravated by the inquiries.

"This committee is making an examination of insurance companies, not conducting an inquisition," declared McCurdy, at one stage.

"It is indeed conducting an inquisition," responded Mr. Hughes.

Another little bit of repartee that caused interest was this: "I will ask you if the excess of interest from which the dividends are paid to policyholders is now less than in former years," said Mr. Hughes.

"If it is said so in our official literature it must be so," said Mr. McCurdy.

Salary Reform Movement.

"But the interest earned was not so much reduced as to affect your salary."

"I don't think the question is pertinent."

"I think it is very pertinent," said Mr. Hughes.

With reference to salaries, Mr. McCurdy said that there had been a reform in the payment of salaries, that a number of the clerks and other employes' salaries had been raised.

"But were not the executive officers' salaries cut?" asked Mr. Hughes.

"No," responded Mr. McCurdy, "I have not followed the salaries of the executive officers. They never were cut. They are none too fat, anyway."

At times Mr. McCurdy was defiant, and stood on ultimate where that was his assertion.

"Legal Expenses" Probed.

The legal expenses were recurred to and were rather embarrassing to Mr. McCurdy.

It was brought out that William Barnes, Sr., of Albany had appeared before the committee and that since last winter and had received $1,000 from the New York Life Insurance Company, as well as the same amount from the Mutual Life Insurance Company for "looking out for insurance legislation." Later appeared a letter to Mr. McCurdy, written by William Barnes, Jr., that Mr. Barnes, Jr., was under an annual retainer to the Mutual Life Insurance Company.

A voucher in 1902 for $10,000, payable to C. H. Bowles, was explained by Mr. McCurdy as part payment in settlement of a suit Mr. Bowles, formerly the general agent in Milwaukee, had brought against the company. It was testified to earlier in this month that Mr. Bowles had been dismissed by the company for insubordination. Mr. McCurdy said to-day that the insubordination consisted in "throwing mud" and trying to injure the company.

Mr. Bowles wrote a letter to the president which the latter termed "insubordinate." This letter made a number of charges and submitted a number of records and tables. Later Mr. Bowles agitated a policy-holders' crusade against the company, and Mr. McCurdy said the suit was brought to end the agitation, adding that the agitation was with Bowles.

Dispute on Mutual's Assets.

Before Mr. McCurdy was called, James McKeen, actuary of the Mutual Life Insurance, put in evidence for the records, a statement of the assets of the Mutual Life and those of the banks of England, France and Germany.

James McKeen, Jr., of counsel for the Mutual Life, claimed last Tuesday before the committee that the assets of the Mutual Life exceeded the combined assets of the banks of France, Germany and England.

Actuary McKeen said he had ascertained the combined assets of those institutions to be $2,000,000,000 a year, and that of the chief governor of the Bank of England to be $10,000. He had been unable to ascertain the salary of the president of the Bank of France.

Mr. Hughes announced that the committee had received a large number of letters relative to the dividends on the policies issued by the Mutual Life Insurance Company. Some of them Mr. Hughes read to the witness, saying that they were from policyholders in New York city, who

Double Your Life Span

Live Twelve Months of the Year Instead of Six

You can live every day of your life in *Southern California* because there are no storms to imprison you or blizzards to freeze you.

Learn of the-year-around-country

From the Anniversary Edition which is to be published December 17. Ten cents in stamps to THE EXAMINER, Los Angeles, California, will bring it to your house.

WITZHOFF'S OWN STORY OF BIGAMY

Continued from First Page.

were chronic grumblers, and who neglected and get her money, and pay your debt to me."

Stole Wife's Money.

He introduced me the same evening to a Mrs. Russell, and we got married. Ten days after we went to Niagara Falls on our honeymoon trip. There, one night after indulging in plenty of wine, she confessed she had an illegitimate child in Pittsburg. I left her there, telling her I was going to bring (fetch) her child, which was nine years old. Instead I went to New York with her money ($4,000) and paid my friend part of his money, and started a practice as dentist in Fourteenth street as Dr. A. R. Houser. I went to see a match maker. He introduced me to a widow of means. We got married in two weeks at the City Hall, New York. She had all her money loaned away, so I was compelled to seek another one, as Sig Badillo was hard after his balance of $1,000. I went to Philadelphia and got a Jewish match-maker again on Fifteenth street and Fairmount avenue, and he introduced me to a Miss Jocker as Dr. A. Houser. I got $800 from her. I paid Badillo $500 and left for Springfield, Mass., where a woman answered one of my advertisements. I regarded as an ad. as follows:

"A professional gentleman of nice appearance, aged thirty-two, desires the acquaintance of a sincere, affectionate lady, with some means; object matrimony; trifles ignored. Address particulars in first letter. Address Busy Bee, The Journal."

I had about twelve answers to this advertisement and I picked out a boarding house mistress and five days after she was Mrs. Westfield and she was a vulgar woman and I left her two days after. She had given me $500 before the marriage.

I returned to New York with wife No. 2, and a week after I went to St. Louis and inserted an advertisement as previously stated and got fifteen answers. Then I selected a farmer's daughter and married her as Dr. Houser. I married her and left her all within a week. I came to Detroit and got her money, $750. I started a dentist practice as A. Houser, in answer to my advertisement in a German paper, Mrs. Piser came. We went to Toledo, Ohio, ten days after our first interview and we got married. I left her six days after.

I came to Pittsburg as Dr. Wolfe, got a furnished room in Allegheny. In answer to my advertisement in a German paper a young lady, a daughter of a well-to-do farmer had, three days after we went to the justice of the peace and got married.

The next morning I was on my way to Cleveland, and started a nice practice with the $150 I had left, as I paid the balance to my friend Badillo and inserted an advertisement in the Plain Dealer. I had two answers to my ad. and selected a Mrs. Moore, a nurse and a Mrs. Kreidman. I got from the nurse $100, and was making fierce love to Mrs. Kreidman and Mrs. Moore when I got a letter from wife No. 3, with whom I corresponded all the time, telling her I travelled for a firm.

ARRESTED IN BROOKLYN.

So I left, and as I forgot in Cleveland a paper under the tablecloth which had my address in Brooklyn, one morning ten days after I left Cleveland; two detectives came to the house in Brooklyn and arrested me. As there was no bail for my offence (obtaining money under false pretences), I was returned to Cleveland a week after, and there I married a bad woman in jail, Mrs. Kreidman. She gave $200 bond, but I left four days after, as she was a bad woman. Three days later I went to Chicago and went to see a matrimonial agent at No. 55 Washington street there.

He introduced me to a nice Jewess, and her father gave me $200. I started my office on Fourteenth street, when a man from Indianapolis recognized me and told her father, a rag dealer. I was a swindler, said the man. Hansen. Just in time to prevent the marriage.

I left Chicago, Dr. A. Weston, and came to St. Louis where I started as office in Olive street as Dr. A. Dresser, and there I got married and got about a number of letters a farmer's daughter that had $1,000 and married her. Six days after I left her and left America and came to Roumania and married a girl, a Jewess, in Pitest, and lived in Roumania for Dr. F. C. Shoel.

Happy six months. I got 3,000 francs and we left for Germany. Going there we had a quarrel, and she returned to her parents.

The second chapter of the Witzhoff autobiography, the most remarkable criminal confession ever written, will be published in the BOSTON AMERICAN to-morrow.

FISHING FLEET IS GUIDED BY ROOT'S RULING

Vessels Preparing for Season's Work Off the Coast of Newfoundland.

SCHOONERS STARTING OUT

Special to the Boston American.

GLOUCESTER, Oct. 18.—As a result of Secretary of State Root's ruling that American fishermen have a right to fish anywhere off the coast of Newfoundland except inside the three-mile limits, the fishing schooner fleet is being rapidly fitted out for the Winter's herring fishing in the North.

There are nine vessels off the Newfoundland coast now. The schooners Maxine Elliot and Edna Wallace Hopper left here yesterday on receipt of the news that the State Department had ruled in favor of the Americans, and the schooners Malahat and Dauntless will leave here to-day. A fleet of twenty schooners is now being fitted out as rapidly as possible, and will leave before the end of the week. None of the vessels has been fitted out with arms and ammunition, as no trouble is now feared with the people of Newfoundland.

Congressman A. P. Gardner and Benjamin A. Smith, the merchant, who met with the President and protested to him on behalf of the Gloucester fishermen, are being given the credit for the favorable ruling rendered by the State Department. They are expected home from Washington to-night, and a public reception in the City Hall will be tendered them next Monday night by the city. Mayor George C. MacDonald, assisted by a committee of leading citizens of the city, will have charge of the reception.

Vessels Have Right to Fish.

Mr. Smith sent this dispatch to Sylvester Cunningham, President of the Board of Trade:

"Vessels of American register have the right to fish for any kind of fish at any point, harbor or inlet on the treaty coast of Newfoundland, and to buy or commute bait at local Newfoundland custom house in any port. Newfoundland territorial waters within three-mile limit. If Newfoundland has local law, as they say they do not think in this case, forbidding her citizens to ship in foreign ports or on high seas for purpose of fishing in her own waters, your rights may not be violated as far as Newfoundlanders in Sydney are concerned."

This telegram is sent after consultation with Congressman Gardner and with his full approval.

(Signed) BENJAMIN A. SMITH."

Fortifies Fishermen.

Vessel owners were elated by the news.

"This telegram only fortifies the position we have always held. We believed that Washington would uphold the contention, but we desired to have an understanding before spending a large fleet of costly vessels to Newfoundland. I have perfect confidence that the advice of Mr. Smith will be safe to follow.

Mr. Smith will return from Washington to-day when full particulars will be obtainable. It is not doubted here that his information is officially and with the authority of the State Department.

American Vessels Protected.

A despatch from the Bay of Islands says that the American vessel Vesper Grampus is there to look after American interests and to see that American rights are not interfered with. Upon the arrival there of the Vesper Pious a delegation of local fishermen boarded her and asked Master Lloyd Hamilton if Premier Bond intended to suspend the reject. The minister refused to make any statement, and his silence has added fuel to the popular indignation.

An attempt at intervalarism at Bay of Islands on Sunday has increased the alarm of the more timid citizens, and a request has been sent to the government at St. John's to dispatch more police. The government has issued orders that additional police be prepared for transportation to the west coast, but members of the Cabinet scoff at the idea of any trouble. No actual measure of enforcement or of refusal of the offer has been made since the arrival of Premier Bond, who is due from England to-day.

Bay of Islands fishermen are all idle, the cable having paralyzed trade. Americans are expected to arrive within a few days, and judging from the temper of the people complications may arise.

Minister of Marine Dame wired to-day from Bay of Islands that he had returned from Bonne Bay and seen the local French stations. Everything was quiet and he would leave for St. John's to-day.

ELECTRICITY

Used as power cuts out trouble, waste and many expense items.

Have you learned to be power-wise?

Facts and figures you can get from our Contract Agent if you'll write him, or telephone, Oxford 1150. The free Edison Exhibition open daily till 10 P. M. at 1 Head Place will show you ways and wise methods.

The Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Boston, 1 Head Place.

WILLIAM E. RUSSELL

Speaking at Lynn, October 31, 1890, said of

Henry M. Whitney's Methods

In securing the passage of the

WEST END RAILWAY BILL

"In my opinion that measure has great merit. It meets the just demand of the community for quicker and better transit. It is a practical solution of a problem able and responsible men of a difficult problem, and it will promote the convenience of the public; but if I had been Governor of this Commonwealth, I would, under the circumstances disclosed by the investigation, have vetoed that bill as quickly as I could have put pen to paper. For I hold that it is far more important to guard sacredly the purity of legislation and to rebuke the lobby than that any measure of merit should be hastened in its passage. I hold that one of the highest duties of the Governor of the Commonwealth is to protect its fair name from Legislative scandal and to protect its people from the improper control of legislation by secret influences."

The Republican State Committee. Thomas Talbot, Chairman. William M. Flanders, Secretary.

DOCTORS DECIDED LUFKIN INSANE AFTER TEN-MINUTE EXAMINATION

Wife Testifies Husband Abused Her in $6,000 Suit for Conspiracy.

Sensational Action Against Physicians Goes to Jury in Dedham To-day.

DEDHAM, Oct. 18.—All the evidence in the sensational suit for $50,000 brought by Olvin H. Lufkin of Roslindale against Dr. Elihu T. Sawyer of Roslindale, Dr. Henry R. Hitchcock of Hyde Park and Miss Lillian M. Milligan of Roslindale, a trained nurse, alleging conspiracy of libel and false imprisonment in attempting to have him committed as insane, has been given in the Norfolk Superior Court and to-day the counsel for both sides make their arguments.

During the trial Dr. Sawyer and Dr. Edward P. Lane of Wellesley Hills, an expert in insanity, said that ten minutes is sufficient in which to determine whether or not a man is in his right mind, and it was testified that Dr. Sawyer and Dr. Hitchcock examined Lufkin in the Jamaica Plain police station and ordered that he be held for a more thorough examination, saying that he suffered from a form of insanity that made him jealous and prevented him from looking another person in the eye.

Sawyer immediately secured the aid of Dr. Jelly, the famous alienist, who examined him and declared him as sane as the physicians themselves. Dr. Sawyer testified that the examination took but ten minutes.

Mrs. Cora A. Lufkin, wife of the plaintiff, testified against her husband. She said that he wanted to acquire control of her property. They had trouble in 1901 and separated. Mr. Lufkin told Dr. Sawyer to keep away from his house, it was testified that Mrs. Lufkin said that her husband tried to take her bankbook away from her, and threw her on the floor.

Mrs. Grace E. Reed, called in rebuttal by the plaintiff, refused to testify because her witness fees had not been paid. She was excused.

Mrs. Ada L. Cousins, a sister of Mrs. Lufkin, testified that she called at the Lufkin home and heard Mr. Lufkin call Dr. Sawyer a vile name. She said she heard Lufkin say he did not care what became of his wife. Albert W. Sydeman, in whose house Mrs. Lufkin and her children lived, said that at one time Lufkin made the remark that he "would finish Minnie or his wife." If he did not gain his point in the property trouble.

Portions of two letters were read. They were dated in September, 1903, and were from Mrs. Lufkin to her husband. In one she said she was "more than sorry that you made the remark that you brought Dr. S. into a fuss of the ladies." In another she spoke of the doctor's kindness to her.

Charles F. Jenney of Hyde Park will make the argument for the defense to-day, and Lawyer H. T. Richardson will argue for the plaintiff.

MISS LILLIAN MULLIGAN — OLVIN H. LUFKIN

PLAINTIFF AN NURSE HE IS SUING.

POLICE THINK WEIDENMULLER SLASHED SELF

Dedham Man Who Says Thugs Cut Throat Thought to Have Attempted Suicide.

That Merritt Weidenmuller, the East End barn man who was found in his home with his throat badly slashed, was not the victim of a murderous assault, as he declares, but is sufferer from self-inflicted wounds, is the belief of the Dedham police.

To-day Weidenmuller is in such a serious condition as to preclude any possibility of a cross-examination, but inconsistencies in his story, and the fact that within the past week he has made attempts to commit suicide, lead the police to discredit the assault theory.

Weidenmuller was found lying in a pool of blood, with six ugly gashes in his throat. His father-in-law discovered him, and a doctor was hastily summoned. After the administration of stimulants he revived sufficiently to tell his story to the police.

Says Armenians Slashed Him.

Weidenmuller says two men, whom he took to be Armenians, came to his home Sunday evening and, being refused when they asked for whiskey, pulled him out into the yard, and while one held him the other slashed him across the throat with a knife. Weidenmuller says he was unconscious for several hours, when he managed to crawl back into the house, where he laid in a semi-conscious condition until his father-in-law found him.

The closest investigation by the police failed to reveal any blood marks or signs of a struggle in the yard. They learned from neighbors that Weidenmuller has within a week threatened to end his life, which lead them to discredit his story.

Police to Examine Weidenmuller.

He is fifty-two years of age, and since the death of his wife has lived the life of a recluse, in a sparsely settled section of the town. The physicians say that if he had been found a little later death would have resulted.

Speaking to a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter of the case to-day, Chief William F. Brogan of the Dedham police said:

"While we shall carefully investigate Weidenmuller's story, at the present time I am inclined to discredit it. I have learned that he has threatened suicide, and the lack of any sign of a struggle in the yard confirms my belief. As soon as I am able I shall carefully cross-question him. His condition up to the present time has prevented this."

HACKETT CASE IS ABANDONED

READFIELD, Me., Oct. 18.—Superintendent Leith of the Boston agency of the Pinkerton Detective Bureau has left for Boston, and Detective R. W. Martin leaves to-day. It is now generally believed that the mystery of the strangling of Miss Mattie Hackett, on which they have been working, will never be solved, and that the case has been abandoned.

Two months to-day the pretty young girl was found by her father dying by the roadside with a cord tied tightly about her neck. Every effort was made by the authorities to find the murderer but they could not get evidence enough to warrant an arrest.

Mrs. Elsie Raymond, whose name has been prominently connected with the case from the start, is not now in town. Her going was no secret. She is visiting her parents at Turner, and will return, no she states, to Readfield shortly.

LIVED IN WOOD ON RAW ROOTS

LEMPSTER, N. H., Oct. 18.—After a whole month passed in the wilderness of the mountains, living on raw carrots and turnips which he stole at night from the fields of nearby farms, Alvin Baker of Marlow, a man of sixty, who ran away because he feared his family would put him in an insane asylum, has been found.

When found he was enjoying his noon meal. The bill of fare was of vegetables only, and were direct from the garden with the outside skins still on.

His clothes were torn and his flesh bruised and scratched.

ROYAL
Baking Powder
Makes wholesome food. No alum.

BISHOP'S HOME A HOSPITAL.

FALL RIVER, Oct. 18.—Bishop Stang's home at the corner of Cherry and Winter streets will be turned into a private hospital. Bishop Stang, on his return from Europe, will establish his Episcopal residence at the Leonard mansion on Highland avenue.

Meyer Jonasson & Co
Tremont and Boylston Streets

SPECIAL SUIT SALE

Most important of the season—Being the Cut-up of our Factory Cloth Stock, all high-grade fabrics, but of which there was only sufficient for from 3 to 6 suits of a color—made with plaited skirt and 50 inch coat, lined to waist with "Skinner's" Satin—There are but 200 Suits to be offered in this special lot, in ladies' sizes 34 to 42 and for young women, 14, 16 and 18 years—The range of value is from $30.00 to $37.50,

$21.00

HEARST OPENS FIGHT; CHEERED BY BIG THRONG

Municipal Ownership Campaign Begun at Great Meeting in His Congressional District.

DEFINES TRUE DEMOCRACY

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—The biggest crowd ever lodged into the New Amsterdam Opera House, on Forty-fourth street, near Eighth avenue, gathered last night to see and hear the opening Municipal Ownership campaign and to express vociferous approval of William Randolph Hearst, John Ford, J. G. Phelps Stokes and the county and borough candidates. Half as many more people found the hall full when they got there.

It was a crowd consisting mostly of young men, with a sprinkling of gray beards, and a fringe of women around the boxes in the balcony.

It was composed of every element of the citizenship of Greater New York. Workingmen, merchants, professional men. And it went away fully convinced that its candidates were the right sort, and that the most important issue before the people of the city was in safe hands.

The earliest burst of enthusiasm was called forth by the arrival of Mr. Hearst. No sooner was he discovered by the occupants of the throng than his name was taken up and cheered until he had made his way to the stage.

And when he came forward to speak there was another demonstration of a kind which would have been extremely gratifying to the gas crowd had it penetrated to the precincts of Tammany Hall.

Speech Applauded.

His speech, which was short, was frequently interrupted by shouts of approval that came in singly and in salvos.

The list of speakers was not long. Mr. Hearst, John Ford, on the ticket for comptroller, and Clarence J. Shearn, candidate for district attorney, were the principal ones.

The meeting was called to order by Dr. J. J. Berger, of the Fifteenth Assembly District, and Arthur Hagan, candidate for Coroner, on the Municipal Ownership ticket, was made chairman.

Mr. Hearst said:

"My friends: I desired to make the first speech of the campaign in my own district as I have tried to serve them loyally in Congress, and will try to serve them and all the people loyally if elected mayor of this great city.

"You elected me as a Democrat, and I am a Democrat, but I am not a grafting Democrat, and I tell you that the gas man and the contract man who have stolen your franchises have stolen your party name as well, and have no right to it.

"Democracy is more than a name. It is a principle, a conviction.

"It is based on human sympathy. It is based upon concern for the welfare of our fellow men, and not upon a servile subservience to the pull of powerful interests.

"It is not what you call yourself, but what you are that makes you a Democrat. It is not what you say, but what you do.

"You might call that table a man, but that would not make it a man, and you might call your little gas Mayor a democrat from now until doomsday, but that would not make him a Democrat.

Jefferson's Ideal Democracy.

"If you are in doubt about who constitutes a true Democrat, turn to Jefferson, the founder of the party.

"He enunciated the doctrine of the greatest good to the greatest number.

"He did not advocate greater opportunity to selfish and dishonest special interests to prey upon the whole people.

"Jefferson said:

"'Despotism is equal and exact justice to all men, of whatever state or persuasion, religious or political.'

"Do you think that the gas man and the contract man measure up to Jefferson's standard of Democracy?

"Do you think that the men who leave your streets torn up for months to please the gas trust, who shut off your water supply to please the corporal disease to please the contract trust, who sell you out and distribute your property to please the traction trust—do you think that they show equal and exact justice to all?

"Jefferson said:

"'A government can continue good but under the control of the people.'

"And again:

"'Vitce to every citizen personally a part in the administration of public affairs.'

"What would Jefferson say to a combination between the bosses to take the government away from the control of the people and to shut the citizen out from any part in the administration of public affairs?

Jefferson said:

"'I hope we shall crush at its birth the aristocracy of our money corporations which dare already to challenge our government to a trial of strength and bid defiance to the laws of our country.'

"What would Jefferson advise you to elect to office the men who are receiving the support and contributions of the Gas Trust, the Traction Trust, the insurance swindlers and other moneyed corporations that bid defiance to the laws of our country?

What Andrew Jackson Did.

"If you are still in doubt about the true meaning of Democracy, turn to Andrew Jackson, that fearless champion of the people's rights.

"He broke the power of the great oppressive financial menace of his day, and declared that there should not exist in this country a power greater than the people's, and 'By the Eternal,' he would humble it.

Jackson said:

"'When capital is in the hands of corrupt and crafty men, it is driven to secret modes of influence, which undermine and destroy our institutions, and legislation is moulded to suit the ideas of the corrupt and the crafty, instead of those of the honest and industrious.

"The Boston bill was legislation moulded to suit the ideas of the corrupt and the crafty, and Jefferson Davis of New York, mayor signed it in obedience to those secret modes of influence which Jackson denounced.

"Would Jackson call your gas mayor a Democrat?

"If you are in doubt about the duty of Democrats in local campaigns, turn to Samuel J. Tilden.

"He was the greatest Democrat of this city. He fought the corrupt bosses and servile tools of his day. The same objectives and is honored, while the names of those who openly feared to hated.

"Would Samuel J. Tilden have called boss Murphy a Democrat any more than he called boss Tweed a Democrat?

"Would he have called boss Murphy a Mayor a Democrat?

Tilden said:

"'Principles are the test of political character. The Democrat has always made fidelity to official trust and justice to the ruling masses, who earn their bread by the sweat of their brow, a fundamental article in the party creed. It is time now to proclaim and enforce the decree that wherever plunders the people, though he wield the fivery of heaven to serve the devil in, is no Democrat.'

"My friends, I have spoken of corruption in this Democratic district, of which I am the Democratic Representative, but this is no partisan campaign this is no partisan ticket.

"We stand by the Democracy of Jefferson, the Democracy of Andrew Jackson, the Democracy of Samuel J. Tilden, and also the Republicanism of Abraham Lincoln.

"If you are Republicans, listen to the words of Lincoln:

Abraham Lincoln's Ideal.

"'That is a just and generous and prosperous system which opens the way to all, gives hope to all and enterprise and energy and progress and improvement of condition to all.'

"Let them rule the infamy people, the plain people who are wondering that the political power which they already possess, if properly directed, will surely be used to close the door of advancement against such as they, and to fix and fasten and burden upon them until all of labor shall be toil.

"Would Lincoln have advised you to vote for a combination of political bosses and corporation cormorants, that will surely close the door of advancement against you and fix as distress and burden upon you until all of labor shall be toil?

"My friends, I urge you to consider carefully the issues of this most important election and to vote according to party lines and principles, but for your own best interests and the best interests of your fellow citizens."

DEMOCRACY IS MORE THAN A NAME—HEARST

YOU elected me as a Democrat, and I am a Democrat, but I am not a grafting Democrat, and I tell you that the gas man and the contract man who have stolen your franchises have stolen your party name as well, and have no right to it.

Democracy is more than a name. It is a principle, a conviction. It is not what you call yourself, but what you are, that makes you a Democrat. It is not what you say, but what you do.

Jefferson said: "No government can continue good but under the control of the people." And again: "Give to every citizen personally a part in the administration of public affairs."

What would Jefferson say to a combination between the bosses to take the government away from the control of the people, and to shut the citizen out from any part in the administration of public affairs?

If you are in doubt about the duty of Democrats in local campaigns, turn to Samuel J. Tilden. He was the greatest Democrat of this city. He fought the corrupt bosses and servile tools of his day. His name survives and is honored, while the names of his foes are only heard to be hated.

Would Samuel J. Tilden have called Boss Murphy a Democrat any more than he called Boss Tweed a Democrat?

Would he have called your little gas mayor a Democrat?—*From Representative Hearst's speech at the New Amsterdam Opera House, New York, last night.*

THREE BARELY ESCAPE DEATH IN EXPLOSION

HEATER IN HARVARD DORMITORY BLOWS UP, INJURING WOMAM AND TWO OTHERS.

Mrs. Lillian G. Edes, her seven-year old son, and her sister, Mrs. Carrie Hayes, had a miraculous escape from death when the hot water heater in the Waverley dormitory at Harvard exploded, shattering the main entrance of the building.

In the cloud of dust and steam raised by the explosion Mrs. Edes, who is the wife of the janitor, with her son, was rushing from the building when she fell through the gap at the entrance, into the cellar. Three bath were found dazed, scalded, cut and bruised.

Her sister saved herself from falling the same distance just escaped a broken arm. Thirty Harvard students, occupying the upper floors, escaped without injury by the rear stairways.

Steps Blown Out of Place.

Mr. Edes was in the elevator on the street floor when the explosion occurred. The other members of his family were in their living rooms in the rear of the building on the same floor. Immediately on hearing the crash he rushed to the cellar to shut off the water pressure.

Just as he disappeared in the cellarway Mrs. Edes, with her sister and the little boy, ran from their apartments toward the main entrance. When they got to the vestibule it was filled with exploded water heater, where a hot fire still glowed in the pot.

Mrs. Hayes also fell as she reached the place where the granite steps should have been, but fortunately caught herself as she was slipping through to the cellar. A passerby heard her cries and rescued her from her perilous position.

As Mr. Edes reached the corner of the cellar where the explosion occurred he was dumfounded to hear the cries of his wife and little Hirlo he. He rushed through the narrow brick archway, now filled with dust and stone, and groped in the darkness until he found Mrs. Edes. He assisted her to her feet and pushed her through the archways to the main cellar.

Then he groped about for the boy and found him under a heavy piece of the heater, which he had undoubtedly dislodged in his descent. He rushed out with him and placed him in the hands of William T. Hanna, who was attracted by the explosion. Edward Shaw, who is employed in the dormitory, assisted Mrs. Edes to a place of safety after first both of whom boy were removed to the guard room of the police station, just across the street.

It is believed the explosion was caused by the failure of the check valve to work properly.

BURY IRVING AT WESTMINSTER

LONDON, Oct. 18. The body of Sir Henry Irving was secretly cremated yesterday, and to-night the ashes will be taken to Westminster Abbey, where they will be laid in Poet's Chapel until the funeral ceremony on Friday.

A place alongside Garrick's grave in Poet's Corner has been selected for the burial of the dead actor, who will there have his dreamy beneath the statue of Shakespeare.

OLDEST RESIDENT DEAD.

HUDSON, Oct. 18. Mrs. Lewis P. Bombi, the oldest resident of Greasondale, has died at the home, aged eighty-three. She had lived in the village sixty-two years.

BARTLETT AND WHITNEY
GRAND
Democratic Rally
WILL BE HELD IN
Dudley St. Opera House
Wednesday, October 18, at 8.15 P.M.

THE SPEAKERS WILL BE
GEN. CHARLES W. BARTLETT
(Candidate for Governor)
CONGRESSMAN JOHN A. SULLIVAN
HON. JOHN P. LEAHY
(Candidate for Attorney General)
And Others — Doors Open at 7.30

PRESIDENT MAY FORBID TRUST'S USE OF PICTURE

Prompt Action to be Taken in Use of Portrait as Tobacco Advertisement.

CIGAR DEALERS PROTEST

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—It is probable that the Tobacco Trust will soon learn that it is not advisable to use the portrait of the President of the United States to advertise their wares. The trust has recently been distributing to retailers a lithographed portrait of Mr. Roosevelt mounted on a sort of easel, to stand among the goods in the window. Beside the portrait is a picture of a bag of tobacco.

The president of the Cigar Dealers' Association of America, which does not love the trust, sent to President Roosevelt one of the portraits and a letter, saying in part:

"I feel you are not aware this is being done, and on behalf of the trade wish to protest against the use of your photograph in this manner, as our members consider it an insult to every excellency that your photograph should be used in this manner."

The following reply was received:

White House,
Washington, Oct. 17, 1905.

M. W. Dreyfus, President of the Cigar Dealers' Association:

Dear Sir—Your letter of 6th inst has been read, and on behalf of the President I thank you for calling attention to a matter of which you write. I shall see that the use of my picture be taken up, with the company you mention. Very truly yours,

WILLIAM LOEB, JR.,
Secretary to the President.

Members of the association say their next probable move before sent to King Edward, and Archduke Ferdinand of Austria, the Czar, whose photographs are also being used in the same way.

STUDENT DIES FROM OVERSTUDY

Frederick E. Kendall, twenty-seven, a medical student at Tufts College, was found dead in his room at No. 360 Columbus avenue. It is supposed that death was caused by overstudy. He was a veteran of the Spanish war.

Me., for the purpose of working his way

EASTMAN HEADS BAR.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Oct. 18.—Attorney-General E. C. Eastman of Concord has been elected president of the Rockingham County Bar Association to succeed the late John S. Frink.

$80
WILL FURNISH
FOUR ROOMS COMPLETE
With substantial, up-to-date Furniture and Carpets.

Our Special Combination Consists of

	Regular Price.
1 Iron Bed	$4.00
1 Spring	2.50
1 Mattress	3.75
1 Pr. Blankets	2.00
1 Pr. Pillows	2.50
1 Oak Bureau	10.00
1 Oak Commode	4.50
1 Oak Table	3.00
1 Oak Chair	1.00
1 Oak Rocker	1.50
24 Yds. Matting	4.00
7 Sofa	12.00
1 Rocker	6.00
1 Arm Chair	5.50
1 Parlor Chair	4.00
1 Ladies' Chair	3.00
1 Mahogany Table	2.50
1 Rug Carpet	15.00
2 Pr. Lace Curtains	4.00
4 Oak Dining Chairs	4.00
4 Oak Dining Chairs	6.00
1 Art Square	7.50
1 Range and Pipe	14.50
1 Kitchen Table	2.50
2 Kitchen Chairs	1.00
10 Yds. Oilcloth	4.00
6 Shades	2.40
	$133.40

This Entire Outfit We Offer at
$80
CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS
The Plimpton-Hervey Co
5 UNION STREET
Open Saturday Evgs — Opp Fanouil Hall.

For Woman's Eye

The emollient, sanative, antiseptic, cleansing, purifying, and beautifying properties of CUTICURA SOAP and CUTICURA OINTMENT render them of priceless value to women, especially mothers.

Save Your Dollars Trade at Moller's
House Furnisher
LAFAYETTE SQ., CAMBRIDGEPORT

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN
Published Daily and Sunday at 80 and 82 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.
NEW ENGLAND NEWSPAPER PUBLISHING CO.

Entered as second class matter, March 31, 1904, at the post office at Boston, Mass.

Price: Daily and Sunday, Five Cents.

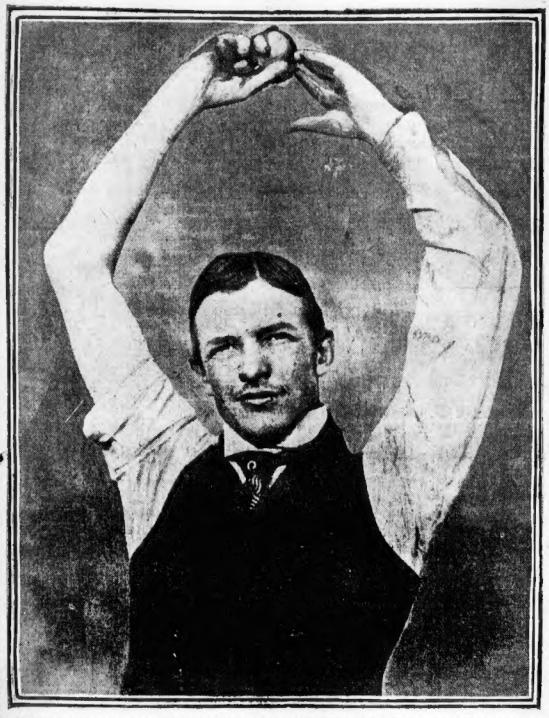
Terms: Postage included for the United States (outside of Boston), Canada and Mexico.

Daily only:	
One year	$4.00
Six months	2.00
One month	.35
Sunday only:	
One year	2.50
Six months	1.25
Daily and Sunday:	
One year	6.50
Six months	3.25
One month	.60

MATHEWSON'S FIRST ARTICLE ON PITCHING---The Drop Curve

NO. 3.--THE BALL LEAVING THE HAND AS IT GETS THE FINAL TWIST OF WRIST

NO. 2.--HOW BALL IS HELD WHEN ARM IS HORIZONTAL



NO. 1--THE START OF THE DROP CURVE.

The Above Photograph Illustrating the Way to Pitch the Drop Curve and Showing Christy Mathewson's Pitching Arm Was Posed Before a BOSTON AMERICAN Camera by the Giants' Great Twirler.

MATHEWSON'S PITCHING ARM, WITH ITS LONG, FLEXIBLE MUSCLES, HAS THE CONTOUR OF A WOMAN'S.

may have an inward shoot, outward shoot or upward shoot at the end of it, comes first. All pitchers must be able to use this ball with more or less success. Then comes the absolutely slow ball, which does not curve or revolve; the drop curve, one of the most popular curves of the day; the out curve, which is very seldom used in the big leagues; the raise ball, an underhand curve, used with very little success by any one except McGinnity; the fall away, which I have used, if I may be pardoned for saying so, with greater effectiveness than any other pitcher (it is my favorite), and the spit ball, a style of delivery the science of which cannot be explained and one very difficult to control.

He Relies on Three Curves.

During the past two or three years I have relied almost entirely upon the drop curve, fast ball and fall-away, and these I will explain fully in this series of articles, as I believe they are the most useful to pitchers under the present system of playing the national game.

In the first place, it takes a good physical specimen of manhood to make a successful twirler. Knotted muscles, however, are not an essential to a great pitcher, as the ball is propelled mainly by a swing of the body, and the bulk of the power is derived from the back and shoulders, the arm acting as a whipcord to snap the ball. In fact, the more a pitcher can learn to get the power from his body, the more he will save his arm and the longer he will be able to do himself justice in the box.

I attribute a great deal of my success to my ability to get most of the propelling force from the swing of the body.

When mastered there is no more successful ball than the drop, or drop curve. It is a ball that can be made to break very abruptly, or a gradual break can be put to it. When it breaks quickly, the batter invariably lifts over it and misses it entirely. It is the ball I usually rely upon when there is a man on third base and no one out.

To deliver this ball the arms must be thrown high above the head. As the pitching arm rapidly descends straight forward, the arm is turned slightly outward, and when the arm is horizontal, the hand is turned slightly outward, and the snap, a hard one, is given by the wrist, and the greater the snap the faster will be the curve.

Ball Is Held Loosely.

In holding the ball the first two fingers are above it and the thumb below. The ball is held rather loosely. When the twist or snap of the wrist takes place at the moment of delivery, the hand turns so that the thumb is on top of the ball and the first two fingers below it. A full arm swing is used. The body is bent far forward, so that all the weight of the body is behind the ball, and as the arm descends with a mighty swing, the weight of the body is shifted from right foot to the left. Under no circumstances use posture when delivering this great puzzler to batsmen. On leaving the hand the ball travels in a straight line until just before it reaches the plate, when it breaks sharply downward in front of the batter.

As can be well guessed such a ball is a great strain on the muscles of the arm when delivered with all the power a pitcher possesses. Like all curves the ball can be used at varying speeds. When men are not on bases it is a fine ball to pitch if it is desired to make the batter send out a grounder that can be easily fielded. In fact, any curve can be used fast or slow with this purpose in view.

By not bringing the ball quite so high above the shoulder when starting to make the throw an outdrop can be attained. I seldom consider it necessary, however, to try the outdrop. It has less space in which to be called a fair ball when passing over the plate, and is therefore more risky. The regular drop curve has all the space between the batter's shoulders and knees to make the batter score a strike, while the outcurve has but the width of the plate.

How to Stand When Twirling.

When delivering this or any other curve the position of the feet is important. It comes natural to most of us, but if a pitcher begins wrong it is apt to injure his effectiveness. The feet should be about eighteen inches apart, with the toes squarely to the front when the pitcher is swinging his arms preparatory to delivering the ball. Then as the arms are outstretched overhead a long stride forward should be taken with the left foot. As the ball leaves the hand the right foot is pulled off the ground and all the weight of the body is on the left foot. As soon as the ball is delivered the feet are again placed side by side about eighteen inches apart, and in this position the pitcher is in a good position to handle a sharp hit or to start quickly after a bunt.

The hardest thing about the drop curve for a novice to learn is to not make the ball break too quickly. It is the correct twist of the wrist that accomplishes the desired result, so the twist requires the most study.

The beginner had better refrain from attempting any speed, as there is no ball that will create such havoc with the arm if used indiscreetly.

No pitcher with a good assortment of curves should be required to play in more than two games a week. A great amount of tissue is broken down in the arm that does the work during the course of a game, and it takes a lot of time to rebuild it.

In my next article in the BOSTON AMERICAN I will describe the fall-away ball, a ball that no one else on the diamond has had any success with. It is my favorite ball during any kind of a baseball contest.

Christy Mathewson

BIG POSTER PICTURES LIFE OF BARTLETT

"From the farm to the State House."

Friends of Charles W. Bartlett, Democratic candidate for Governor, believe that that will be his biographical record after the people of Massachusetts have voted in November. Citizens of this State will be soon acquainted with his career through a remarkable poster which will be put up on billboards from Cape Cod to the Berkshires. It tells how Mr. Bartlett began life as a poor boy on a farm, studied the few books he could obtain by the firelight from an open hearth, followed the plough to earn the money for an education, labored in the harbor for the same purpose and then went to work as a bridgebuilder.

He was a typical American student. He earned by manual toil the money that took him through the years of self-denial that were the price he paid for a college education. Then he taught school on old Cape Cod. When the war between the States broke out he enlisted.

He was Private Bartlett in the great army of patriotic men who saved the Union. He carried a musket on the picket line while generals slept at ease in their tents.

His career as a lawyer is well known. He ranks with the highest at the Suffolk bar. He attained this rank in his profession by hard and conscientious work, faithful service to his clients and the display of signal ability.

All this is told in the illustrated poster-"For Governor, Charles W. Bartlett."

It tells a noble story---one that will appeal to every American who has risen or hopes to rise through merit.

It tells the story of a man who conquered adversity by honesty, industry and talent.

It is the story of an ambitious boy, a hard working, studious youth, a soldier, patriot, and a successful professional man.

It is the story of an American of the Abraham Lincoln type.

It is the story of a man.

GIANTS' FAMOUS PITCHER GETS HIS POWER FROM MUSCLES OF THE BACK

By Christy Mathewson.

(This series of articles on pitching is written by Christy Mathewson exclusively for the BOSTON AMERICAN.)

To the casual visitor to a major league baseball contest, it may seem that there is very little difference in the kind of shoots and curves that fly past the batsman. But the man at the plate knows differently. To him the various kinds of curves seem to be numbered by the hundred, and when he is facing a first-class twirler with perfect control, they all look equally hard to hit.

The value of a pitcher is almost invariably measured by his ability to change his pace or mix up the style of ball he is capable of delivering. Unless he can mix them up pretty well he is of little use against a clever team.

Of the various balls used by latter day pitchers, the fast ball, which

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Astigmatism and all errors of refraction, scientifically corrected by the "Ingraham Scientific System."

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Boston's Eminent Eyesight Specialist

Established in Boston twelve-score years, having been at his present location eleven years.

If you are troubled with headaches, if you squint, if your vision blurs, if after reading a short time you get drowsy, if you have dizzy spells, if you see double objects, or if your doctor has told you you have vertigo, nine cases out of ten the trouble is with your eyes, and can be corrected by properly fitted glasses. Remember, the

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and my famous glasses as low as $1.00. We sell Shur-ons, Tem-Lenses, Invisible Bifocals. There is nothing in the line of eyeglasses or spectacles but what we sell.

$5.00 Artificial Eyes $2.00

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No. 10.

FOR GOVERNOR

"I CONSIDER CHARLES W. BARTLETT IN EVERY WAY QUALIFIED TO CONTINUE THE WORK ALREADY BEGUN IN MASSACHUSETTS LOOKING TO A REVISION OF THE TARIFF DUTIES AND THE MAKING OF RECIPROCAL TRADE TREATIES IN THE INTERESTS OF OUR INDUSTRIES."

WILLIAM L. DOUGLAS

WORKING ON THE FARM AS A BOY

STUDYING AT NIGHT

SUCCESSFUL LAWYER

WORKING FOR AN EDUCATION

PRIVATE SOLDIER IN CIVIL WAR

FARM LABORER

BRIDGE WORKER

COLLEGE STUDENT

TEACHING SCHOOL ON THE CAPE

CHARLES W. BARTLETT

MARRIAGES THAT FAILED SUNDERED BY THE COURT

Pathos, Comedy and Tragedy Intermingled at Second Day of Divorce Mill.

Nearly a Score of Cases Heard—Drunkenness and Desertion the Usual Plaint.

Pathos and comedy, mingled with the dramatic in the second day's proceedings of the Divorce Court. Nearly a score of cases were disposed of by Judge Gaskill, and, with few exceptions, they were entered by his order for the decrees nisi.

Almost tragic was the story told by Mrs. Laura E. Towne of the downfall of her husband through drinking and gambling, until he is now an inmate of the Greenfield House of Correction. She declared, in her testimony, he was convicted of stealing $5,000 while a postoffice clerk. The case was entered for a decree nisi.

Adelaide M. Silver, attractive of face and figure, told of her marriage to Anthony A. Silver at Portland, Me., in 1886, and his sudden disappearance two years later, after their child was born.

"In April, 1888, I went home on a short visit to my mother," she said. "I told my husband that I would return in a couple of weeks. When I came back he had gone, and I have not seen or heard from him in these seventeen years.

"The only trace of him I have had was when I was told that he was assistant pastor of a church in Boston. Mrs. Rose McDonald, her sister, corroborated this testimony. There was no response when the court officer called the name of Silver, and the case was entered.

Mrs. Agnes M. Bates, who was a widow when she married Bates, received a setback when she desired to have her maiden name restored. Her husband, she stated, had left her four months after their marriage in March, 1901. During those months he had refused to work. Bates had stated that he lived in Worcester. Detective O'Day of the Worcester police department testified that he had been unable to find any trace of the man or his family in that city.

Would Not Restore Maiden Name.

Judge Gaskill refused to restore Mrs. Bates's maiden name, but ordered the case entered for a decree nisi.

The hearing on the libel filed by Nellie E. Ashlock for a divorce from Harry Z. Ashlock was continued, it appearing from her testimony that she had been deserted in Newburgh, N. Y., and not in Boston, as the libel stated.

Ashlock was a marine, she said, in the United States Navy. They were married in 1900, and lived for six months in Charlestown, where he was stationed. Eight months after their marriage he left her. She declared that he deserted from his marine corps, and that the last she heard of him he was in Cincinnati.

Annie F. Chase, who said she had been married in Chelsea to Fred R. Chase in 1897, appealed for a divorce on the ground of cruelty. She said she had been in the Westboro asylum for eleven months and also at Taunton for four years, and that in the interims of her married life her husband had repeatedly beaten her.

"When I complained to my mother, and she spoke to him, he declared he did it in self-defence," she said.

This case and that of Sarah B. Lavenson against Louis Lavenson, also alleging cruel and abusive treatment, were entered for decree nisi.

"Before I married William E. Barter he drank all the time," declared Mrs. Mary J. Barter when her case was called, "and after I married him he drank worse than ever."

Said She Had Husband Arrested.

They were married in 1888, she testified, and in 1899 he left her. She declared that he drank continually, and that since he left her he has been in the United States army at Manilla.

"I don't think they would have him there if he was groggy intoxicated all the time," declared Judge Gaskill. The case was continued.

"The last time I had anything to do with my husband I had him arrested," asserted Margaret A. Lacy, seeking a divorce from William H. Lacy. "I have been supporting myself and three children by doing washing and housework since 1898. He has not contributed a cent to my support."

Her story of how Lacey used to drink "whenever he had any money" was corroborated by her sister and Annie B. Murray. Miss Murray smiled continually at Judge Gaskill following her testimony.

"I live in the Neck Bay," she said in reply to a question.

"What do you do?" asked counsel.

"I'm a cook," she replied. "I make my home, when I am not working, with Mrs. Lacey. Mr. Lacey drank oh, awfully, y'know, awfully," Decree nisi.

Lizzie E. Saunders, a bronze colored woman, sought a divorce from her husband, William. They were married in 1886.

"I heard he was going to get a divorce from me, and I wanted to come first, because he hasn't any right to get a divorce from me," she said indignantly. "I don't know whether he has any money, but I expect him to pay for it." The case was continued.

Husband Never Supported Her.

Mrs. Annie B. Wile deeded indignantly that Jesse A. Wile, from whom she filed for a divorce, had ever supported her. They were married in Somerville in 1900, and he disappeared in 1901.

"I didn't see him again until I met him entering a house with a woman on Massachusetts avenue," she said.

Mrs. Whitney, a lodging house keeper, testified that Wile had taken lodgings at her house with another woman whom he introduced as Mrs. Wile, and whom she then thought was his wife. She later learned her mistake.

Frank Bowditch, apparently not more than twenty-two years of age, told a pathetic story of the disappearance of his wife, Annie.

"I said goodbye to her when I went to work in the morning," he said, "and when I came home she had gone. Our two children were there, but I have not heard from her since. That was four years ago." He told of his wife's former home in Troy, of her at Berlin, N. H., where they were married, and at Colebrook, N. H., the childhood home of both. Neither of their parents had seen or heard from his missing wife.

"Did she leave no note or message when she left?" asked Judge Gaskill.

"No," replied Bowditch.

He stated that both children have since died. The case was entered for a decree nisi.

Told Thrilling Story.

Mary Fallon told a thrilling story of her four years of married life with John E. Fallon, from whom she sought a divorce.

"He came home drunk, or rather intoxicated," she testified. "He flourished a revolver and a knife, blackened my eye and bruised my side and in other ways made me suffer."

Her story was corroborated by a daughter by her first husband, Walter Fallon. Other cases entered were those of Sarah C. Gaskill against Edward A. Gaskill; Annie A. against William H. Jordan, Jennie against John Doherty, and Ethel F. against Calvin P. Boyd.

FILIPINO WIFE IS GRANTED DIVORCE

LEAVENWORTH, Kas., Oct. 18.—Concepcion Vasquez, the Filipino wife of Lieutenant Sidney S. Burbank, U. S. A., has been granted the divorce for which she sued when the engagement of Burbank to a prominent young woman of this city was announced after his return from the Islands. Counsel for the deserted wife was provided by the War Department. Burbank is being wired by court-martial.

For Thirty-Five Years Sanford's ginger has been the standard of family excellence. Sold by druggists. Refuse substitutes. Ask for the red, Always healthful.

MRS. ADELAIDE M. SILVER.
Sketched in Court by Boston American Artist.

VACANCIES IN NOMINEE LIST OF THE STATE

Many Districts Fail to Name Democratic Candidates for Election.

There are many vacancies in the list of nominees filed with the Secretary of State of Massachusetts. There are no Democratic candidates in the First and Fifth Congressional Districts. There is no Socialist Labor candidate in the Eighth. There is no Democratic Senatorial candidate in the Berkshire-Hampden district. There is also none in the Second and Third Bristol district, and in the Franklin-Hampshire district. There are no Democratic candidates for Senator in the First and Fifth Middlesex districts. There is no Democratic candidate in the Third Worcester Senatorial district.

There are no Democratic candidates for the House in Barnstable county. This is true in the fourth Berkshire District. In the fifth there are no Republican candidates. No candidate appears in the seventh Berkshire district.

To-morrow is the latest day for filing councilor, senatorial and representative nominations.

CROSS, OF FOOTBALL FAME, TO WED AGAIN

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 18.—Harry P. Cross, the famous Yale football player of a few years ago, and Miss Virginia Gammell, daughter of Robert Ives Gammell, are engaged to be married.

Miss Gammell is heiress to several millions. Mr. Cross's first wife was Miss Jaranin King, granddaughter of the late William J. King, the multi-millionaire cotton merchant of this city. She died two years ago of scarlet fever, leaving two children.

Going to Bed Hungry.

It is All Wrong and Man Is the Only Creature That Does It.

The complete emptiness of the stomach during sleep adds greatly to the amount of emaciation, sleepless ness and general weakness so often met with. There is a perpetual change of tissues in the body, sleeping or waking, and the supply of nourishment ought to be somewhat continuous, and food taken just before retiring adds more tissue than is destroyed, and increased weight and vigor is the result. Dr. W. T. Cathell says: "All animals except man eat before sleep and there is no reason in Nature why man should form the exception to the rule."

If people who are thin, nervous and sleepless would take a light lunch of bread and milk or oatmeal and cream and at the same time take a safe, harmless stomach remedy like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in order to aid the stomach in digesting it, the result will be a surprising increase in weight, strength and general vigor. The only drawback has been that thin, nervous, dyspeptic people cannot digest and assimilate wholesome food at night or any other time. For such it is absolutely necessary to use Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because they will digest the food, no matter how weak the stomach may be, nourishing the body and resting the stomach at the same time.

Dr. Stevenson says: "I depend almost entirely upon Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in treating indigestion, because it is not a quack nostrum, and I know just what they contain, a combination of vegetable essences, pure pepsin. They cure Dyspepsia and stomach troubles, because they can't help but cure." Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents per package. They are in lozenge form, pleasant to take, and contain nothing but pure pepsin, vegetable essences and bismuth, scientifically compounded. Your druggist will tell you they give universal satisfaction.

No Better Place to Dine Than in Our Restaurant

"The Gambler," by Katherine Cecil Thurston ... $1.08
"Rose o' the River," by Kate Douglass Wiggin ... 94c
"Sir Mortimer," by Mary Johnstone, worth $1.50, each ... 39c
The New Century Encyclopedia and Dictionary, 7 vols. per set ... 50c
Book Dept., 1st floor.

STRICTLY FIREPROOF THROUGHOUT.
HENRY SIEGEL CO.
WASHINGTON & ESSEX STS.

Flowers and Plants in Grocery Dept.
(5th Floor, Hayward Pl. Side)
New section devoted to fresh Cut Flowers and Plants.
Roses, special, each ... 2c

Cleverest of Millinery Priced Temptingly
(Second Floor, Hayward Place Side)
If you were asked offhand the price of these hats we are selling at $2.95, you would certainly say, not less than $5.00—and this would be right, for they're actually worth that sum.

Skilled hands prepared these clever hats for this sale—unusual care was given to following styles that are distinctive and out of the ordinary. In this sale will be found trimmed street hats, all handmade on wire frames and created from the best of materials, such as Chenilles and Fine Velvets. The collection of shapes and colorings is remarkably large and you will certainly agree that these are the smartest hats you ever saw at near the price $2.95

Unrivalled Showing of Women's Skirts and Waists
(Second Floor, Essex St. Side)
New Autumn Models, in the choicest of material—bought under price and selling Wednesday at about half regular

Black Chiffon Panama Skirts
Made triple box plaited effect, one of the season's most stylish models. Would be considered an exceptional value elsewhere at $12.50, price ... $8.75

10 Models of Skirts, each a distinctive style, made in every material suitable for present wear ... $5.00
15 Models of Skirts, in all colors, including the new plaids, green and blue. Many of the new circular effects shown in this assortment ... $7.50
Box Plaited Skirts of fine grade Broadcloth and Chiffon Panama. A very stunning skirt, beautifully made ... $10.00
French Voile Skirts, made over taffeta silk, novel flounce effect. A style different from any shown elsewhere ... $12.50
Chiffon Panama Skirts, 10 gored style, forming perfect umbrella effect, in black only ... $14.75
Superior Quality Melrose Panama Cloth Skirts, plaited, forming a sunburst effect ... $18.75

Chiffon Taffeta Plaid Silk Waists
Trimmed with 1-inch side plait, full sleeve and new cuff, made in one of the new open front effects $3.95

Chiffon Taffeta Waists, front prettily trimmed with tucks and val lace, demi sleeve; all the prevailing colors ... $5.00
Real Cluny Lace Waists, over silk, made in squares to match, short sleeves, finished with dainty ruffles ... $12.50
Lingerie Waists of Batiste, trimmed with 3 panels of embroidery and lace, forming points, also with pin tucks, forming yoke, open back, new shaped sleeve, deep cuff, with 5 rows of lace insertions and pin tucks ... $3.95
Lingerie Waists of Batiste, made with 3 panels of embroidery in front, 5 tucks from shoulder to bust line, open back, new shaped sleeve, deep tucked cuff ... $1.50
New Veiling Waists, made with 4 double box plaits running down front, yoke trimmed with clusters of 4-pin tucks, open front, stand or collar tucked, leg o' mutton sleeve, deep cuff ... $2.00
Silk Crepe de Chine Waists, yoke trimmed with lace medallions, bodice finished with tine pin tucks below yoke, new gauntlet sleeve ... $7.50

Undermuslins--Petticoats--Infants' Wear and Wrappers
(Second Floor, Hayward Place Side)
(We've demonstrated our ability in value giving—these further proofs will make rapid sales on Wednesday.

Muslin Gowns—Made in chemise style and trimmed with Hamburg around the neck and sleeves. Also with Hamburg insertion and ribbon beading. A good $1.00 value for ... 69c
Nainsook Corset Covers—Made of fine quality Nainsook and trimmed with two lace insertions in front and back and around the neck, also with ribbon beading. A garment which you usually pay 60c. for, at this sale ... 45c
Changeable Taffeta Silk Petticoats—Made of fine quality silk and trimmed with a flounce in shirred effect. In all colors, including brown, red and black. Some have silk underruffle. Skirts valued at $6.98, for ... $4.75
Percale Wrappers—These Wrappers are made of good material and nicely finished. In medium colorings. An extra good value in Wrappers for the price we ask. Anywhere else they would bring $1.75. Here ... $1.29
Infants' Bonnets—These are made of Bear skin and trimmed with fluted satin ribbon and narrow lace. Ribbon ties and bow. They are lined and interlined. Very dainty and pretty and a good value for ... 69c
Children's Russian Coats—These coats are made of Kersey, in Russian style, trimmed with imitation of Persian lamb. A $7.00 coat for ... $5.98

A Repeating-Strike Traveling Clock
(First Floor, Essex St. Side)

Buying these high-grade clocks away below market value enables us to offer these $8.00 clocks in leatherette cases at $5.00.
4½ inches high, finely finished case, with bevel-edge glass front, back and sides, eagle nob, brilliant nickel top. Has fine eight-day lever movement, strikes hour and half hour on bell, also has a repeating attachment—press button on top of clock and it will repeat the last hour struck. This is an article we never retailed for less than $8.00—Special for clock with leatherette case complete ... $5.00

New Back and Bust Supporter
(Corset Dept. Second Floor, Hayward Place Side)

Something decidedly new, lending comfort and shapeliness to stout figures and also adaptable to young girls not wearing corsets.
We are demonstrating Madame Myer's Back and Bust Supporter—it permits women who wear a 42-inch corset cover to wear a 36—and others in proportion—reducing the bust measure from three to four inches. It gives lines that are smooth, insuring a perfect fit to any gown. Priced $1.50, $2.00 and $3.00

From Our Model Grocery Dept.
(Fifth Floor, Hayward Place Side)
Handling none but pure, fresh food products assures satisfaction. Then our prices are:

EGGS.
New shipment just received direct from Italy, finest sanitas laver egg, this sale, delicious flavor, 100s, 10½c; 50s, 5½c; 25s, 3c; 12 for ... 1c
Grape Juice, Oleatin's unfermented grape juice, dozen $2.65, pint bottle ... 25c
Salad Dressing, Yacht Club, extract of mustard, pint bottle, 12c; quart ... 22c
Early June Peas, HAZEL, very sifted wrinkled peas, small and tender, dozen cans ... 85c; 2 cans ... 15c
Asparagus Tips, HAZEL, beautiful tender asparagus tips, dozen cans ... 1.35; 2 cans ... 25c
Red Kidney Beans, French red kidney beans packed by the Hygienic Canning Co., dozen $1.10, 2 cans ... 19c
Sugar Corn, HAZEL, picked, tender and delicious, dozen $1.15, 2 cans ... 19c
Navy Beans, New York State best hand picked pea beans, 10 lbs ... 50c
Tapioca, HAZEL, instant tapioca, makes delicious pudding, etc., per package ... 5c
Cheese, Richmond County, finest full cream cheese, usually 18c, special per lb ... 15c
Potatoes, Extra fancy Green Mountain Potatoes, per bushel sack (60 lbs.) ... 75c
Flour, Washburn's Gold Medal, barrel $4.25, 24½ lb. sack ... 95c; other

HAMS.
Ham Armour's fine spiral sugar cured ham, sliced to order, per lb ... 15c
Ham Hazel Sugar Cured, guaranteed absolutely, sliced to order, per lb ... 13c; whole ham, 10 to 12 lbs., per lb ... 10½c

Coffee, Washed blend, Mocha and Java, freshly roasted daily, has delightful flavor, per lb ... 25c
Tea, Famous Oolong English Breakfast mixture, Japan, Formosa and Ceylon, exceptional drawing tea, per lb ... $1.00
Cocoa, HAZEL pure breakfast cocoa, per can ... 10c
Spices, Black ground pepper, white pepper, cloves, cinnamon, ginger, allspice, nutmeg, sage, half lb. package 10c, quarter lb. package ... 5c
Gelatine, Knox's sparkling or acidulated gelatine, per package ... 19c
Queen Jelly, 10c package ... 12½c
Prunes, Fancy Santa Clara Valley prunes, medium size, special 3 lbs ... 25c
Seeded Raisins, Puritan freshly seeded raisins, 15c package, 2 packages ... 25c
Currants, HAZEL, finest Vostizza dried currants, cleaned, 15c package, 12c
Maple Syrup, pure refined Maple Syrup, golden tint, $1.15, ½ gallon tin ... 59c
Salmon, HAZEL, finest Columbia River salmon, 1 lb. flat can ... 22c
Salmon, Finest red, 1-lb. flat can, dozen $1.15, can ... 10c

Women's Knit Corset Covers
(First Floor, Essex Street Side)
Well Known "Appleton" Knit Corset Covers, worth 50c., 75c., and $1.00, at 29c.

These are lines which the manufacturer will stop making after this season—but they are all fresh, new goods and identically the same that are selling in other stores in the city at regular prices. We closed out this entire stock from the manufacturer and can sell them at less than wholesale prices.
These Corset Covers are knitted by a special patented process used only by the Appleton make, and are of superior texture and wearing quality. Made of wonbesh, in cream color, high neck and long or short sleeves also lisle thread, with high neck and long sleeves, also fine lisle and sleeveless. Fine black lisle worsted, with high neck and long sleeves only. These Corset Covers are actually 50c., 75c. and $1.00 qualities—on a special table Wednesday, at, each ... 29c

"Eclipse" Flannelette 5½c Yd.
(First Floor, Hayward Place Side)
Every one knows that this never sells for less than 10c.—here Wednesday at 5½c. per yard.
This high grade Fleeced Flannelette, in handsomely printed floral and striped designs, is widely used for Kimonas and warm House Dresses. No one ever heard of its being sold for less than 10c., and it often brings 12½c. As an unusual inducement in this department we are going to sell it for one day, and limit the quantity to each customer, at, per yard ... 5½c

Sale of Linings and Notions
(Street Floor, Hayward Place Side)
Little things, but at savings that are big. Dressmakers and Housewives cannot afford to miss these Wednesday offerings. Read on!

Taffeta Satin, Yard wide Taffeta Satin, black and all desirable colors, guaranteed to wear and not split, usually sold for less than 69c, Yd ... 50c
Moire Velour, 27 inches wide, with back of fine mercerized sateen, in all the desirable colorings, usually sold at 39c, Yd ... 29c
Sewing Silk, 100 yard, 5c spool. All colors, including black and white ... 3c
Side and Back Combs, In neat rubber covering, in all sizes, 25c value ... 19c
Pearl Buttons, 18c and 20c values, extra fine quality, in all sizes ... 10c
50c Dressmakers' Braid, Per cut, in 24-yard pieces. Guaranteed genuine ... 29c
Sewing Silks, 512 ounce, put up in large spools ... 14c
Bunch Tape, In assorted widths ... 3c
Silkenoid Crochet, Full assortment of colors, 2 spools for ... 5c
Manhattan Tafeta, In black and white, 12c value for ... 10c
36-inch Mercerized Sateen, Yard wide, black and all desirable colors, guaranteed to wear and not split, usually sold for less than 19c, Yd ... 12½c
Percalines, In black and colors, all the desirable patterns, fast colors, splendid material for waists and suits for house wear, 15c value ... 10c
Feather Stitch Braid, Full assortment of colors, for trimming ... 3c
Hose Supporters, Made from extra quality elastic, with nickel trimmings, pair ... 15c
Williamantic Spool Cotton, Full 200 yards, Regular goods, all numbers, black and white, Per spool ... 4c
No Pins Ultra Pins, Full 360 pins on each, 3 papers for ... 10c
Corsetine Light Weight Dress Shields, In the special, a pair for ... 25c
Taffeta Ribbon, 5½ line, black or white, for collar ties ... 3c
Hose Supporters, Made from fine full elastic, with velvet grip fasteners ... 21c

BOTH PARTIES CHEER WHITNEY AT GREENFIELD

Native Town Sends Big Delegation to Applaud Candidate.

TALKS ON RECIPROCITY

PREFERS JAIL TO REVEALING FAMILY NAME

Convicted Robber, Called "Raffles" by Police, Says Father Is Wealthy.

PROMINENT IN VERMONT

GREENFIELD, Oct. 18.—Republicans, as well as Democrats turned out to greet Henry M. Whitney, Democratic candidate for Lieutenant-Governor. His birthplace, the little town of Conway, twelve miles from Greenfield, sent a strong delegation headed by a fife and drum corps.

Mr. Whitney arrived in Greenfield about 4 o'clock and was met at the station by the local committee and entertained by its members and other prominent citizens at dinner. A band concert preceded the rally. Mr. Whitney's address was listened to with close attention. He speaks this evening at North Adams.

The Conway delegation was mostly composed of Republicans, who declared that they were out for Whitney and reciprocity to the finish.

Mr. Whitney said in part:

"What we are trying to accomplish is to make clear to the politicians of this State and of the United States that the desire of the people of Massachusetts is for lower tariff barriers between ourselves and our neighbors to the north and east of us should be to some extent removed, in order that our trade may be enlarged to regions that are naturally tributary to us. A manufacturing concern engaged in supplying something of general utility is limited in the amount of its trade by the distance to which its goods must be transported.

"For a while the greater capital and the greater skill of the workmen might avail to overcome the handicap of distance; but given a profitable business, the resources of the weaker concern would gradually increase, as also the skill of its workmen, and the competition with the older concern would become keener and keener as time went on. These are general propositions that are incontrovertible. But they form a perfect illustration of the situation of the manufacturing industries of New England at the present time. If the day should ever come when the rates for transportation are fixed according to the distance the handicap will be much greater.

Needs Raw Materials.

"Massachusetts has within her borders but few of the raw materials requisite for her industries. She obtains them from the raw materials, but substantially all her food supplies from distant regions. Is it not clear, therefore, that it is to the interests of Massachusetts and all her people that they should be able to get their food supplies and raw materials as cheaply as possible? Is it not clear that the trade with the people that are in close proximity to them? That is what is the case. New England, if she is to hold her own with the manufacturing interests of the United States, must avail herself of all possible advantages.

"To shut our eyes to this situation and to take no thought for the future would be the sheerest folly. To say that because our business at the present moment is good and our trade with Canada large, we should not look beneath the surface and even discuss these questions, is both unwise and reckless.

"For forty years or more the policy which we are considering has been openly advocated by commercial associations in Massachusetts from time to time and down to the other. The Boston Chamber of Commerce has been instrumental in doing this, in season and out of season, for almost all this period. It has expressed itself on every available occasion. It has called the attention of our official representatives in Washington to it, until now there is a consensus of opinion from the business men throughout the State that something must be done and they wish to see a beginning made. It is for the purpose of permitting an expression of opinion to be made at the polls on this question that I have the honor of standing here for the office of Lieutenant-Governor."

Ask Voters to Elect Whole Ticket.

"If Massachusetts will raise her voice in such emphatic protest at the arrogant and domineering attitude of the Republican leaders by electing the whole Democratic ticket, it will awaken a kindred sentiment among all the States of the Union, from Maine to California, and in due time our credited representatives at the United States will go to Congress and tell them to say to the Canadians, 'Come, let us reason together,' and we can soon get down to business and after them with unstrenched hands and with guaranteed success.

"With that time comes, I shall be glad to go with my accredited commissioners, in my capacity, even that of errand boy. If on the other hand, they do not come, the Democratic ticket will be elected entire, as it is my belief it will be, and the Democratic party will visit Canada is not far distant.

CHRONIC DISEASES

I cure where others fail. For 25 years my specialty has been chronic, obstinate diseases that have resisted all treatment. I cure cancers without the knife. My caption method. No knife, no pain, no danger. Book, Only healing institution in America that positively curative remedies, and cures to stay cured. Book free for curing diseases of men and women. Hundreds testify. Consultation free. I cure diseases of men only. Call or write. No other physicians do.

FREE CONSULTATION FREE EXAMINATION

Dr. James M. Solomon
24 Beacon St., Boston, Mass.
Office hours 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. Sundays 10 to 2.

CITY OF BOSTON.

BOARD OF POLICE.

T56 HINGHAM, Oct. 16, 1905.

Notice is hereby given, under Chapter 1, of the Revised Laws, that the undersigned, L. Griffin and John W. Allston, as Trustees of the Boston Police Relief Association, their house of the first and fourth classes to sell intoxicating liquors to be drunk on the premises, No. 1 Beacon street, Boston, to the Superior Court at, and hallroad entrance, in said Boston, on the first day of November, 1905, at 10 o'clock, for said building. THOMAS RYAN, Clerk.

TALKING MACHINES.

HALF PRICE SALE

For one week only we will sell a $40 Duo Talking Machine outfit for $20. Plus includes $10 worth of genuine $1 records of your own selection and a written guarantee for 12 months. New 10-in. Duo records. We carry Talking Machines and supplies of every description. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Call or write. TALKING MACHINE CO., 41 Washington St., corner Friend.

TYPEWRITERS.

SAVE MONEY—Send for catalogue; write or call. TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 38 Bromfield st.

SEWING MACHINES.

$4 TO $10 for slightly soiled and second-hand machines. STEVENS, 178A Tremont st., Boston.

$17 TO $20 for new machines; all the best makes; drop heads; 90 machines at present; good locality. Hotel Dunbar, 21 Perkins st., East Somerville.

FOR SALE—Fine combination, light and easy running. $25. Tremont st., good location and good business place, at low rates.

FOR SALE—A well-paying grocery store; rooms connected. 978 Columbus av.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

GREAT BARGAIN SALE

OF PIANOS ON EASY TERMS

IT WILL PAY YOU TO INVESTIGATE THIS GREAT SALE

CHICKERING UPRIGHT $40,
GOOD for beginners, with stool and scarf; some have been rented; others were taken in part exchange for HUB PIANOS. ROXBURY STORAGE SALESROOMS.

IVERS & POND UPRIGHTS $95
MAHOGANY CASES, 7 octaves, in fine condition, usually sells for $300; to close out at this sale for $95, with stool and scarf included; easy terms. ROXBURY STORAGE SALESROOMS.

SOULE & SONS UPRIGHT $50
FULL size, a splendid bargain in this well known make; easy terms. ROXBURY STORAGE SALESROOMS, 722 Shawmut av., Roxbury, Mass.

Chickering Mahogany Upright $85
RICH mahogany case, 7 octaves, full size, original price $500; our special price $85; if you want a good piano at a low figure here is your opportunity. ROXBURY STORAGE SALESROOMS, 722 Shawmut av., Roxbury.

ROGERS UPRIGHT $90,
A VERY new piano in every way; small size, but powerful tone; fully warranted. ROXBURY STORAGE SALESROOMS, 722 Shawmut av., Roxbury.

STEINWAY PIANO, also a FISCHER $35
STEINWAY, in rich mahogany case, in use a short time; you are losing by passing this up. ROXBURY STORAGE SALESROOMS, 722 Shawmut av., Roxbury.

Wood Mahogany Upright $93,
3 PEDALS, in fine condition, a fine right for $ only; fully guaranteed and scarf, easy terms. ROXBURY STORAGE SALESROOMS, 722 Shawmut av., Roxbury.

WE OFFER AT THIS SALE
EXCEPTIONAL BARGAINS in used and new uprights; pianos at prices that will appeal to anyone in need of a piano; terms to suit; monthly payments, fully covered in Roxbury, higher on account of expenses in Boston $2.50 to $5.00 daily; no high rents, no big salaries or commissions to pay; our large buildings, we have no palatial floors to cover; we have room. ROXBURY STORAGE SALESROOMS, 722 Shawmut av., Roxbury.

Free Delivery Everywhere in Unmarked Wagons.

PIANO SLAUGHTER

SEVERAL new upright pianos which must be sold at once to make room for other goods now coming; we have put the prices together and reduced to the firm of Blaker; our reflection is to sell them at once; we have no time to waste; our aim is to handle possible to find a special bargain for you; we have them at $140, $160, $175, $190, $210, $225, at $145, $165, $180, $195, $215, $230. You will do well to see BLAKE'S, 564 Washington st., Boston.

Where to Dine

ZUM BURGER BRAU (Leo Lowinger, Wirth), 12 Harvard place—Two meals, clean, reliable lunch-room; cafe in Boston, German cooking. German Lunch, 25c; dinner, 50c; supper, 25c.

HOTEL NAPOLI, 84 to 90 Friend st.—Lunch, with wine, 75c.; 5-20 p. m., 75c. to $1; dinner, with wine, 75c., 5-30 p. m., to 9-30 p. m., private rooms.

CROSBY'S RESTAURANT, 19 School st., near City Hall. A la carte. Meals 5-30 to 7-30 p. m.

MACHINERY AND TOOLS.

FOR SALE—Water wheels, 60" Success with draft tube, $150; 36" do., $275; 60" Wood, $225; 48" Stanley, $250; 50" Leffel special, $220; 42" Leffel, $200; 36" Leffel, $150; 24" Leffel, $100; 20" Leffel, $80; 18" Leffel, $60; 16" Leffel, $50; 24" Chase 600 24" Hunt, $85,

WHOLE WORLD OF **SPORTS** COVERED FOR THE **BOSTON AMERICAN** BY ITS CORPS OF **EXPERTS**

O'ROURKE WON BOUT QUICKLY

VALLEY FALLS, R. I., Oct. 18.—Those who attended the meeting of the Valley Falls Athletic Club expecting to see a spirited go between Charley O'Rourke of Cambridge and Bogardus Hyde were disposed to disputationist, as Hyde went out after but a minute of fighting in the first round, and O'Rourke was awarded the decision.

The men went to the centre quickly at the bell, and for about a minute appeared for an opening. O'Rourke then suddenly cut loose and sent Hyde to the floor with a stiff punch, which, however, did not seem to those present to have the power to give the colored man his quietus, but the count of ten found Hyde still unable to rise.

YOUNG CORBETT TRAINING FOR ERNE

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—"Young Corbett" has started training at Fairmount Inn for a six-round bout with Young Erne before the National Athletic Club in Philadelphia, October 23. They will meet at catch weights, and "Corbett" will go into the ring with an advantage of at least eight or ten pounds.

Erne recently fought Abe Attell, whom he made to look cheap in six rounds of fast fighting. Attell is one of the cleverest featherweights in the business, and his poor showing gives the impression that he was not in condition. Erne, however, has been improving right along, and the pioneers of the ring would like to know what "Corbett" can do with him. The Brooklynite says he is going to get down to hard work and place himself in excellent condition.

TIGERS MEET YALE GOLFERS

Special to the Boston American.

GARDEN CITY, L. I., Oct. 18.—Yale and Princeton will meet in the final match, of 36 holes in the first series for the Intercollegiate Golf Associations championships to-day. Yesterday the preliminary team matches resulted in a defeat for Harvard, the present title holder. Yale's team beat Columbia's representatives in the morning round by a clean score of 21 to 0.

Harvard and Princeton having drawn a bye in the morning round, played over the course in the afternoon. Princeton winning by a score of 7 to 1½ points, while Yale defeated the University of Pennsylvania by 8 to 0.

PLAYERS DIVIDED $9,962.56.

The post-season series between the Boston clubs was a greater financial success than the players believed it would be when the games were proposed to them. The gate money for the six days amounted to $25,925.56. The money, after expenses were deducted, was divided between the clubs and players in equal shares. Each player received $166.94.

The National League Club had only 14 men to divide its share among, and the players, individually, fared much better than did the Americans.

WHICH WAY IS TERRY M'GOVERN GOING? PUZZLE BY TAD

WALTHAM HIGH LOSES FIRST GAME IN YEARS

CAMBRIDGE LATIN DID THE TRICK BY NARROW MARGIN OF 6 TO 0.

By Boston American Leased Wire.

WALTHAM, Oct. 18.—To the Cambridge Latin eleven belongs the honors for defeating the Waltham High team for the first time in nearly three years. Incidentally the visitors were the first players to score upon the local eleven on their home grounds since 1901.

The Cambridge team was the heavier combination. Not only did they have the beef to their credit, but they also played a far snappier and cleaner game than the locals.

To say that the Watch City eleven and their supporters were surprised by their defeat would be putting it mildly. The Waltham players expected a hard game, but they didn't question for a moment their superiority over the pigskin followers from the University City.

No wonder defeat was unexpected. Previous to the Cambridge contest Waltham had played seven games, winning them all and rolling up the fine total of 157 points.

The game proved conclusively that Waltham's weak point was the line, where the players were not heavy enough to hold Cambridge Latin. The visiting team made nearly all their gains by mass plays through the centre, and attended very few end plays. In the second half Reardon took Stark's place at Centre for Waltham, and although he did much better, was unable to hold the Cambridge team.

During most of the game the ball was near the centre of the field, and at no time was it dangerous for Cambridge Latin, which held the ball three-fourths of the time. Nearly every time that Waltham secured the ball it punted on the third down.

Cambridge Latin kicked off at the start, and to ten minutes of playing the ball over the line for a touchdown, Stiles kicking the goal. From that time on the game was a succession of downs in which no big gains were made by either team.

School Games Carded To-day

Principal Sullivan vs. Bill School at Pemberton.

Brass conference vs. Fall River High at Fall River.

Groton vs. Rochester High, at Groton.

Roxbury Latin vs. Roxbury Latin at Franklin Field.

St. Mark's vs. Somerville High at Somerville.

English High vs. Lowell High at Lowell.

Brockton High vs. Haverhill High at Haverhill.

Milton Academy vs. Harvard '06 at Milton.

Wakefield High vs. Chelsea High at Chelsea.

BOXING NOW UNDER BAN IN CHICAGO

CHICAGO, Oct. 18. Boxing matches in Chicago are prohibited under the law last night by Chief of Police Collins. He announced that professional prize fighters and lockers will not hereafter be allowed to take part in contests in Chicago. Matches will be allowed only when the participants are actual members of reputable clubs, and none but members will be allowed to contest before any club.

This decision will stop the boxing contests scheduled for the Winter at the City Chicago Athletic Club and at all other clubs whose members were preparing to follow the lead of the Chicago A. C.

BLACK FITZ GOING FAST THESE DAYS

Black Fitzsimmons, the fast colored middleweight, is in the most shape of his career, and is anxious to meet any one of the good men in his class at the drop of the hat.

He will be matched with Jim Kennedy at one of the boxing towns, and he wants to get on a bout with Charley O'Rourke.

Fitz trained with Larry Temple for his match with Longford, and had the best of it in their fast training stunts, and that was the time that Temple beat Longford, so that it can be seen that the big fellow is travelling some.

For His Bout with Murphy in Slowtown To-night

TERRY HAS OLD WALLOP

McGovern, once the "Terrible Terry," and Tommy Murphy, the Harlem feather, will meet in a six-round bout in Philadelphia tonight. If Terry wins, well and good; if he loses, it will be to the woods for the idol of Brooklyn's pugilistic world.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—"I am holding $1,000 for a New York sport and friend of Terry's, who wants to bet it against $1,500 that Tommy Murphy does not stay the six rounds at Philadelphia," said Joe Humphreys at McGovern's training quarters, "but don't see any of Murphy's friends falling over themselves to cover it.

"Terry is in grand shape—without jolting a bit—and in my mind will batter this fellow down in four rounds, or I'm a bum judge.

"There wasn't a man that Terry ever met who could stand the body wallops, and this boy is no better than the others.

"No, Terry won't have any the best of the weight. He will tip the scales at 125 or 126, when he weighs in, and he won't gain more than half a pound before he gets in the ring. He never did, so why should he do it this time?

Works in Fine Shape.

"Look at him at the bag," said Joe, as Terry slammed the leather against the platform. "Did he ever work better? Look at that wallop and the way he persistes. That's a good sign that he's not stale. Here you, Burdick, on with the mitts and have Terry throw you a few rounds."

Mr. Burdick obliged and the two of them went at it like tigers. Terry forever on top of his buskier opponent and ramming them in the body like shots. Occasionally he put Johnny's head back and then banged the body more. He danced around, feinted and looked to be as fast as ever. They slammed one another for four rounds and Terry went to the pulleys. He danced with them, worked them over like fiend, on the side and in front of him. Joe Humphreys called time on that and Terry then did fifteen minutes of shadow boxing.

Is the Terry of Old.

He really worked as he did of old. He looks a ride drawn, but has good color and is full of life.

It all he worked about thirty-five minutes in the gym at the Hollander baths, and then beat it downstairs for the rubdown.

"What do you really think the fight will be?" he was asked. "Will it go the limit?"

"Well," said Terry with that same old smile, "I don't know who is going out, but you can say that one of us will be out before the limit. I don't think that we will both hear the bell in the sixth. I mean we won't both be there fighting."

Sam Harris, Joe Humphreys, Charlie Mayhood and Johnny Burdick, Terry's old handlers, will be in his corner.

VANDERBILT CUP RACE NEXT YEAR

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The Vanderbilt Cup, in spite of Heaney's victory, may not be lost to America after all, and if the report comes true the race will be repeated here next year.

France, as every one knows, won the trophy through Heaney and his Darracq car on Saturday, but it is said that the Automobile Club of France has practically retired from the racing game, and will prefer more to motor tours.

The famous Bennett Cup race, it is asserted, will be turned into a touring contest, but just what was to be done with the Vanderbilt Cup if they won it is still unsettled. Under ordinary circumstances the rules governing the competition provide that the trophy is to be returned to its donor or the Automobile Club of America to case the holding country refuses to defend it.

The French club and hundreds of French manufacturers, it is said, do not care to be placed in the position of being afraid to race for the cup, but they are practically nailed to the mast that they will take part in no more races on French soil.

In other words, they want to keep the cup, but they don't want to race for it in France.

After rubbing and arguing about the question for some weeks, it is now asserted that a solution has been found to the matter, and that while France will not hold the cup, they will ask the Automobile Club of America and the Vanderbilt committee to hold next year's race for the trophy in America, either on Long Island or some other suitable course. Whether the American organizations will agree to this or not, of course cannot be stated until some formal proposition is received from the French club, but under the circumstances they will probably agree to act for them.

Secretary Batchelder, of the A. A. A., in discussing the prospects of next year's race said: "There will be another international race on Long Island next year, if France does not care to hold it, she must return the cup. If she does not, I am confident you can rest assured that we will see to it that America is given a race."

BRESNAHAN MAY JOIN THE REDS

CINCINNATI, Oct. 18.—Roger Bresnahan of the giants may wear a Red uniform next season.

According to reliable authorities, the deal practically has been closed for some time, but will not be made public officially until the owners of the Cincinnati and the New York clubs get together at the league meeting in December.

President Hermann, when asked regarding the reported Bresnahan deal to-day, said:

"I have several deals on hand that may land stars in the Cincinnati camp, but at present I am not in a position to make their names public nor to reveal the identity of the Cincinnati players who may figure in the trades. I may say that is the world's series Bresnahan put up an extraordinary game for the giants in every particular, and, next to Mathewson, was the most prominent man in the contests."

The rumor that the Cincinnati club is negotiating for Billy Keeler, right fielder of the New York Americans, is also denied, but there is no definite source of information on this point, nor any explanation as to how he can be secured out of the American League.

DECKER WON BY KNOCKOUT

WILMINGTON, Oct. 18.—At the Wilmington A. C., Harry Decker, champion featherweight of Philadelphia, put to sleep Frankie Howe of Chicago in the third round of what was to have been a ten-round go. Decker outfought Howe from the tap, and in the third sent him through the ropes by a swing on the jaw. Howe was some time in recovering from the knockout.

HARVARD MEN DO SNAPPY WORK IN PRACTICE

"The best practice of the year" was the unanimous opinion on Soldiers Field yesterday after the afternoon practice for the Harvard football players. In seventeen minutes of smashing play the varsity scored two touchdowns to none for the second. Pruyn and McDonald were in for the varsity at left end and right end with the exception of a short time when Spear played left end. Davie was at left tackle on the varsity in the place of Brill who was given a day off.

Nichols in Practice.

Don Nichols got into the scrimmage for the first time, and made things hum. In fact, Hanley, Nichols and Nesmith, who succeeded Carr, Foster and Wendell as fullback, left and right halves, put up the fastest offensive game that has been shown by any of the Harvard backs thus far. This may be accounted for by the fact that Hanley, Nichols and Nesmith are all fresher than the other three.

Dan Knowlton was out working again as a fullback. He handled punts well, and will undoubtedly be given a thorough trying out at fullback before he is shifted to tackle, provided he is not needed in the former position.

Secret Practice To-day.

Coach Reid announced yesterday that secret practice would probably begin this afternoon, when the gates will be closed for a short time. The West Point game is looming up as a hard nut for the Crimson to crack in their crippled condition, especially as they are without the services of Captain Hurley. Hurley began running yesterday to gradually get himself into condition to get into the game next week.

YALE HAS HER FIRST MORNING GRIDIRON WORK

NEW HAVEN, Oct. 18.—Morning practice was begun for the Yale football team yesterday. The entire coach field and the candidates for centre were called out for a long drill on the gymnasium lot. Secret practice was again the order at the field in the afternoon. These two changes so early in the season show that the coaches are not going to leave anything undone to make a football team out of the material at hand.

W. O. Hickok, who played guard under Frank Minkley as captain, arrived and joined the coaching squad. He will help Bloomer with the centre material, and is especially wanted to coach Erwin and Andrews.

The secret practice lasted for over an hour. It was entirely devoted to signal work. After this practice was ended, the varsity and second teams played a twenty and ten-minute half before the crowd of spectators who had gathered to see the practice.

The coaches were notified to-day that Zimowski, the crack punter, has fallen behind in his studies and cannot play any more football.

BROWN TO TRY TRICK PLAYS AGAINST PENN

Special to the Boston American.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 18.—Contrary to expectations, the Brown eleven was not lined up against the scrub for a scrimmage on Andrews Field yesterday afternoon, but were given good stiff signal drill and the showing was good.

As soon as the men appeared on the field they were set to work falling on the ball and running back punts. The backs were then taken by Coach Robinson and given practice in tackling the runner, Weikert and Curtis, the regular halfbacks, being given the hardest work in this line.

While Coach Robinson was busy with the backs, Assistant Coach "Hoppy" Hunt had the linemen practising breaking through. Thomas was pitted against "Joe" Colter, and although at first the veteran succeeded in beating Thomas, yet after a while the latter woke up and Colter was unable to break through him. Hunt kept the men at work for about half an hour, infusing spirit into them and teaching them many tricks practiced by linemen.

Signal practice by three elevens then followed, the varsity being under the direction of Coaches Robinson and Hunt, and they drilled signals into the men for all they were worth. Several new trick plays were practiced, which will probably be tried out in the Penney game for the first time. End runs also came in for their share of the signals, and the interference formed to protect the runner was the best that has been shown this far.

Pryor, who has been out of the game for some time with an injured leg, was out in togs again and participated in the varsity signal practice. The eleven as it lined up for signal practice will probably be the one which will be sent in against Penn Saturday.

ARMY IN POOR SHAPE FOR GAME WITH HARVARD

WEST POINT, Oct. 18.—Yesterday afternoon Head Coach Boyers kept the men on the field practicing until darkness called a halt. No attempt was made at a scrimmage and the men were taken back to the rudiments of the game.

All the various formations were walked through slowly and explained. The signals were given much attention. The crippled list is still a large one, but it is thought by Saturday that these will be in fairly good form.

Smith was out but stayed on the side lines. Weeks, Erwin and Wilhelm ran through the plays with the team for the first time in several days. The most optimistic army adherents only think that a fairly respectable showing can be made this Saturday in the Harvard game. No secret practice will be held for the remaining days before the contest. To-day a scrimmage will be held if enough sound men can be procured.

FULL VARSITY SQUAD REPORTS AT HOLY CROSS

Special to the Boston American.

WORCESTER, Oct. 18.—For the first time since the Yale game, the full Holy Cross varsity squad reported for practice. Carney and Barrett were both back on the line and showed but little ill effects of their rough usage of Saturday. The practice was devoted almost wholly to scrimmage work, in which many new men were tried in the various varsity positions.

It is expected that Captain George King of the 1905 team will arrive this week to assist Coach Cavanaugh in improving the line positions. Coach Cavanaugh has announced to give the squad half-hour instructions after the conclusion of nightly practice and with the perfection of several new formation plays which have been tried for the first time, it is hoped to have the team in fit condition to meet Amherst, Holy Cross's greatest rival.

FITZ MAY START TRAINING SCHOOL

PITTSBURG, Oct. 18.—Bob Fitzsimmons would have a training place like that of the famous Muldoon. If plans he now has under way materialize, the former champion will be added to the strenuous life and enter into business, according to a letter received to-day by William Brayburn, a local sporting man, from Langy Bob.

Fitzsimmons is seriously considering a proposition to purchase a tract of land near New York and erect a gymnasium for the purpose of teaching physical culture, and treating those who have impaired constitutions. It will be styled after William Muldoon's institution. Fitzsimmons believes he can make the proposition a success. His friends suggested that he head a company capitalized at $100,000 and conduct operations at once.

Brayburn has replied to Fitzsimmons, advising him to establish the school in this city. The local sporting men held a consultation with several of his friends and they thought well of the idea. So it may happen that Langy Bob, one of the most popular fighters of the day, will become a resident of this city. Fitzsimmons is badly in need of such an institution, and the latter's efforts would no doubt be crowned with success.

SULLOWAY VS. COLE.

Three matches were played in the Harvard single tennis championship, all to the third round. Sulloway plays Cole to-day, last year's champion of Harvard and formerly a Yale champion, and it will be one of the closest matches of the tournament.

LINNEHAN TO COACH HOLY CROSS NINE

Special to the Boston American.

WORCESTER, Oct. 18.—The Holy Cross baseball team will be coached the coming season by Jack Linnehan of Allegheny, Pittsfield, former pitcher and second baseman for the college team, announcement to this effect having been definitely made. Linnehan has been coaching the Holy Cross team at various times for the past three years and succeeded Coach Thomas McCarthy toward the end of last season.

The selection of coach puts an end to considerable conjecture as to whom would be secured, Jesse Burkett, Andy Cooley, Pete Noonan, and several others having been aspirants for the position.

The baseball outlook for the coming season are far brighter than for several years past, as besides all of last year's team, there has been considerable new baseball material enter the college in the Fall.

The pitching staff will be especially strengthened by the addition of Joseph Ruddenham, a former Boston College writer. There are also several other candidates who in the light Fall practice which has been indulged in the past few days have shown up particularly well.

The schedule will be announced shortly by Manager Quinn, will it is expected, will include two games each with Harvard and Brown and a game with Yale, probably in Worcester.

WILLIAMS WON GOLF HONORS

WOLLASTON, Oct. 18.—The Williams College team, composed of A. W. Mitchell, Harold Wilcox, L. W. Mitchell, E. Clapp and A. Gregory, won the New England intercollegiate golf championship on the links of the Wollaston Club, defeating the team of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology in the final round by a score of ten points to four. Three Williams men won their matches with a total of fourteen holes up, while two Technology players were successful with a total of four holes up in which held the ball three-fourths of the time. Nearly every time that Waltham secured the ball it punted on the third down.

Cambridge Latin kicked off at the start, and to ten minutes of playing the ball over the line for a touchdown, Stiles kicking the goal. From that time on the game was a succession of downs in which no big gains were made by either team.

SECRET FOR MEN

DR. WEINSTEIN

I have devoted nearly my entire life to curing the delicate ailments of men, and besides having all the modern appliances, I have the skill which, in hundreds of cases, has effected permanent cures where others have failed.

Mrs. ——— from chronic ailment, was cured and should not marry. Mr. ——— from chronic ailment, was cured and should not marry. Mr. ——— from chronic ailment, was cured and should not marry. Mr. ——— from chronic ailment, was cured and should not marry. Mr. ——— from chronic ailment, was cured and should not marry.

You are welcome to write me your own case, or call and see me. I want you like away with disease! Why be humiliated by neglect? Why suffer longer? Why be worried when **No matter your malady,** I can cure you? Why not write me your case to-day?

Dr. Weinstein's laboratory, where all his medicines are made, is the largest in the world of drugs that money can buy.

Write me to-day, describing for consultation, and if you have any kind of trouble with a private disease, be sure you write me to-day. It will cost you nothing. Consultation free. Office hours, 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays, 10 A.M. to 1 P.M. If your case is curable,

DR. WEINSTEIN'S Medical Office

218 Tremont St., Boston

Next Hotel Touraine. Hours 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays, 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for CHI-CHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name this paper. Chichester Chemical Co., 2809 Madison Square, PHILA., Pa.

Boston American Daily Home Magazine

Vale the Gibson Girl in Black and White; Hereafter She's to Appear in Colors

Charles Dana Gibson to Retire from Drawing to Study Painting in Europe

THE Gibson girl is dead.

Charles Dana Gibson, the Roxbury boy, her creator, has announced that his creation is at rest more. Dead is the creation of tall, stately, black and white loveliness. Gibson has put her out of sight and mind. Also, he is poorer by $65,000 a year by this one act.

The Gibson girl made her creator rich and famous. Now she must be content to become a memory, an artistic thing that was, instead of a figure to be watched for every week in new settings, new crowds and with flocks of new admirers in her train.

The Gibson girl must be content to live that he has come to the end of his point work; but he knows better than do we. As long as he lives and we live he could have our lovable comedies and tragedies to interpret; ideals to set us; the gayest and gentlest lessons to teach us.

"Long ago he was master of our affections; years ago was that cordial and intimate understanding established between us which has grown and strengthened and matured with his maturing intelligence.

"I do not exactly know what we Americans shall do without him. We have his pictures and the memory of them; we still have the man, and, in him, the recognition and respect of intellectual Europe and Great Britain.

"It is well for us that we have produced such men as he to command that respect; it is to our honor that we yield nowise to aliens in our love and respect for this man.

"Wherever he goes, whatever he purposes, let him remember that we do not forget him nor forget what he has done for us; let him remember that we wish him well; that we believe in him; that we will be unchanged when, in his own time, he returns to his own people."

Of the article generally the author says:

"It is well that such letters are written; it is better still for us to learn something of the men who inspired the writing of such a letter.

"For twenty years Charles Dana Gibson has had a nation for his audience, and he has never betrayed it or proved false to himself.

"Guiltless of self-consciousness, of any attitude or pose, clean of insincerity, modest, cool, self-reliant, steadied by that utter faith in himself which is lack in a weakness, he has from the first step moved forward, halting at brief periods for a keen, serene survey, but never taking one step backward in the ceaseless progress of his development.

"To mere gentus, which is not uncommon among Americans, but which alone is so pitiable, so sterile, the appetites of his race have added to him a terrific capacity for work, a never-ending and delicate patience of a woman, the wholesome, clean mindedness, intelligence of an adolescent, the mental and bodily vigor, the deep, unswerving, fighting capacity of a man.

(Printed by Permission of Collier's Weekly.)

"READING HER FORTUNE."

One of Charles Dana Gibson's Last Black and White Drawings.

In the current number of Collier's Week, speaking of Mr. Gibson's future, Robert J. Chambers says:

"It is difficult to believe that Dana Gibson will never draw our neighbors for us again. But he tells us he is to leave us, and perhaps it is time for us to rise, reluctantly, and step forward to say good-by.

"One of many, I wish him well: one of many, I still find it impossible to reconcile myself to a loss so sentimentally important, to acquiesce in a decision which is to deprive us of his pen.

"I cannot understand why he should believe that he has come to the end of his point work; but he knows better than do we. As long as he lives and we live he could have our lovable comedies and tragedies to interpret; ideals to set us; the gayest and gentlest lessons to teach us.

"Long ago he was master of our affections; years ago was that cordial and intimate understanding established between us which has grown and strengthened and matured with his maturing intelligence.

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"To mere genius, which is not uncommon among Americans, but which alone is so pitiable, so sterile, the appetites of his race have added to him a terrific capacity for work, a never-ending and delicate patience of a woman, the wholesome, clean mindedness, intelligence of an adolescent, the mental and bodily vigor, the deep, unswerving, fighting capacity of a man.

By Beatrice Fairfax

It Would Be a Good Thing if Men Demanded Good Temper and Neatness in Women, Above All

By Beatrice Fairfax.

IF I were a young man contemplating matrimony there are two qualities above all others which I should demand in my wife.

They would be good temper and neatness.

Good temper embraces a number of fine qualities. It means cheerfulness, lightheartedness, patience, unselfishness.

No matter how pretty and accomplished a wife may be, there will be no joy in living with her unless she adds sweetness of disposition to her other charms.

Far better choose a plain, sweet-tempered life partner than a peevish, pretty one.

A bright face and cheerful greeting are the things a man needs to meet at the end of his day's work.

The good-tempered woman has the knack of making the household machinery run on oiled wheels.

She has a cheery way of smiling over petty misfortunes. She brightens the entire home atmosphere.

She does not meet her husband with a long face and a string of complaints.

She knows he has enough business worries to bother him, so does not still further worry him with domestic details.

Regarding neatness, the other quality necessary to a happy home, it is absolutely essential to prosperity and comfort.

No man can be attentive unless it is neat. Economy is the basis of success, and neatness is part of economy.

Never marry an untidy girl. If she is untidy about her person she will be untidy about her home.

Daintiness is one of woman's greatest charms, and daintiness cannot exist where untidiness is.

Don't be carried away by a pretty face; find out if she is sweet-tempered and neat before you propose to her.

The beauty will fade, but the other qualities are lasting.

You must think of middle age and old age as well as youth.

It would be a good thing if men made a point of demanding good nature and neatness in the girls they paid attention to.

But it is rather discouraging to see them attracted by girls who have good looks and nothing else to recommend.

The certainty that they will repent of their bargains sooner or later does not help the situation much.

If they could only look ahead and see the difference in the homes run by capable and incapable women they would be more particular in their selections of wives.

As a parting bit of advice, young man, I would say, call on your sweetheart some time when she does not expect you and find out if she is neat in her dress and about her work, and also if she is good-tempered with her family.

If she happens to be pretty as well as neat and good tempered, so much the better for you—you will have found a treasure.

HOUSEKEEPING HELPS

WHEN the oven smells badly take a vessel of hot water and a handful of washing soda. Take the shelves out and wash well in hot water, then finish them in cold. Next wash the oven well out with the soda water and brush it over with whitening. It will then be clean and sweet and look beautifully.

Potato peelings, if dried in the oven, are very useful for lighting. If sufficiently abundant they may entirely take the place of wood, but in any case they will economize it.

A porcelain saucepan that has become stained should be half filled with water into which a tablespoonful of powdered borax has been put. Let the water boil briskly for awhile. Should all the stain not come off wet a cloth and dip in borax and wear off the spots.

To soften a beefsteak smear it with a couple of teaspoonfuls of salad oil, place between two plates, and leave for a few hours. This works wonders in softening the fibre.

Rub rubbed on the black spots on dishes will remove them, and wash dried over a fresh claret stain on the table linen will assist in its disappearance when washed.

To keep tins bright wash them well with strong hot soda and water, and when dry polish with a cloth and a little powdered whiting.

Before boiling milk rinse out the saucepan with cold water; it will prevent the milk sticking to the bottom of the pan.

ADVICE TO THE LOVELORN

LUKEWARM LOVE AFFAIR

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I would like to have your advice concerning a young lady whom I am engaged to for the last four months. On the engagement we agreed for the wedding to take place within a year's time and then a test her concerning the matter she always says that she has plenty of time. The reason being that she has an older sister.

Of late she seems to act very coolly toward me. I work late evenings and cannot call on her, only Sundays, so she has stopped calling at my house, as she used to. Therefore I would like you to let me know whether it is better to stop now before it is too late. Also let me know how to recover the engagement ring which I gave her.

R. D. A.

I DO not think that either one of you seems very much interested. If the girl cared very much for you she would be ready to marry you any time, and if you cared very much for her you would not be so concerned over recovering the engagement ring. If the engagement is broken she will, of course, return the ring.

BROUGHT IT ON HERSELF

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I am a young girl seventeen years of age, and while calling recently on a young man five years my senior, and to whom I am greatly attached, a few weeks ago, just to test his affection for me, I told him that the same office as myself call him up on the telephone and pretend she was anxious to make his acquaintance. Since the conversation he has written several times, and his writing proves to be just as eager to make her acquaintance as she is his. As I thought it would be only fair to the gentleman, I presented him with a photo of myself, and since then we have been corresponding with my girl friend, I became angry and in a passion I wrote and asked him to return my picture, which he did, accompanied by the letter in which I asked her if what she told me was true.

MAZIE.

MY dear, you have brought all this trouble on yourself and just how you are going to get out of it I don't know. Why could you not be satisfied with things as they were? If you had trusted the young man in all probability he would still have cared for you. You put temptation in his way and he succumbed to it. It was not fair of you.

Then naturally you never believe and made things still worse. I would advise you to do nothing at all, and see if things went right themselves. If he still cares for you he will make some effort toward a reconciliation, and after this, dear, put a little more trust in your friends.

SWEETHEART VS. COUNTRY

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I am a young Englishman of twenty-three and am in love with an American girl of Irish extraction a few years my junior. She takes the greatest delight in giving little jibes at my country, and thinks mine very much. I wouldn't mind if I didn't care for the girl, but I do, and have one whom I love making fun of in such a way. Miss Fairfax, do you think if the girl loved me she would refrain from her favorite ridicule my country, when she knows I do not like it? I love her, but I love old England also, and I think the connection between us might be a bar to our mutual happiness, if I marry her. Do you? JOHN BULL.

I THINK your sweetheart might have a little more consideration for your feelings. I am sure, however, she only does it to tease you. The quickest way to stop it is to pay no attention to it. She will soon stop if she sees that you don't mind it. You would both be very foolish if your silenced this teasing to put an end to your happiness.

How a Lowell Mill Hand Was Made a Life Prisoner for Love

"CONVICT 99"

The Story of an Irish-American Persecuted in an English Prison

CHAPTER XXVII—Continued

THE doctor, who was kneeling over the still unconscious body of the recently flogged convict, asked without looking up.

"What's his offense?"

"Why, breaking prison. The scoundrel very nearly cost me a solid five hundred pounds."

The doctor rose suddenly and looked at the pinioned prisoner.

"So ahead, Rawlings. Don't keep us here all day," said the governor to the ex-corporal.

"Stop!" cried the doctor, facing his chief. "This man can't be flogged yet. He's not strong enough. The shock might be fatal to him."

"And a good job, too," cried the governor, almost savagely. "Do you forbid it? Pooh! What the devil—but the man deserves it if ever any prisoner did."

"Possibly," said the doctor dryly, "but he's no work yet to endure it."

"Bah!" rejoined the governor. "You're too soft with these blackguards. There must be a stop put to these attempts at escape. This is the third I've had to do with in a year. Go ahead, Rawlings."

Rawlings raised his "cat," waiting for the doctor to get clear. But the doctor turned upon him with flushed face and lifted hand.

"I forbid it!" he said, firmly.

Rawlings lowered his arm and looked at the governor. But Captain Podmore, though he scowled, was powerless to defy the medical edict. Nevertheless, he made another effort.

"If he can't stand three dozen all at once, let him have it in two installments."

The doctor shook his head.

"I cannot even allow that, sir. You forget that he has just come out of the hospital."

Foiled the Governor

"But he was not discharged before he was well!"

"Before he was well enough to be flogged, though. He is really in a very low state of health."

The governor muttered a curse.

"Take him back to his cell," he ordered sharply. "I'll have him brought up again in a day or two. Put him in fetters, am the prison breakers' dress."

All the blood in Laurence Craig's body seemed to rush to his brain. He walked back to his cell unsteadily, leaning heavily on the warder's shoulder. He knew well that the fearful strain was past his overwrought strength and as the cell door shut upon him he sank down into unconsciousness.

He recovered his senses to find himself drenched and chill. A pail of cold water had been thrown over him by the warder, who had returned with his fetters.

"Now, then, get up and put on these togs."

Painfully Laurence raised himself to his feet. Shaking with cold and weakness, he took off the wet garments that clung to his wasted figure, until at last he stood, naked and barefooted, on the stage floor, with the icy wind biting his skin, freezing his very life-blood.

Then, after his flannels, his fetters were put on him—a heavy chain, each end of which was fastened with riveted rings round his ankles, while the middle part of it was held up to his waist by a broad strap. He caught his breath convulsively as a snarl sounded in his ear.

"Who are you? Laurence asked, spelling out the question slowly in the numerical alphabet.

"Jim Lacy. Four weeks' solitary confinement for throwing my stool at a screw."

"Which screw?"

"Gunsmear. Are you the leg that tried to do a bolt?"

"Yes."

"Have you had your bashing?"

"Yes," replied Laurence. "The doctor prevented it."

There was an interval of silence. Then the tapping spelt out a statement that startled Laurence.

"You were a greenhorn to try to bolt in that way. I know a trick worth fifty of that, a safe one, too. I could get away easily if I wanted to."

"How?" questioned Laurence in quick, nervous taps. But suddenly he drew away from the wall. He heard the warder approaching.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

Jim Lacy

WHEN the warder had passed, Laurence listened anxiously for the reply to his question. After about five minutes his neighbor resumed his rapping upon the iron partition. Laurence spelt out the words slowly.

"I saw you when you tried to make a bolt for it. But I knew that you could not escape. It's impossible that way. Even if you'd got clear of the prison you'd have been recaptured. Your prison togs and your cropped head would betray you anywhere. I know a jag that tried it on just as you did. He got clear and wandered about for five nights like a hunted fox, sleeping under hayracks, feeding on raw spuds and watercress. Never showed himself in daylight. Broke into a cottage once and stole clothes, a suit of clothes when a man sprang upon him.

"He murdered the man, ran off with the clothes and some money, was caught and hanged. No, unless you have someone outside the boundary waiting to take you off into safe hiding it's a fool's game to attempt it."

"Who are you?" Laurence tapped nearly two hours. At the end of this time a warder brought the evening meal of bread and water, and a mat and blankets were thrown into the cell for bedding. The allowance was scanty, and in spite of Laurence's efforts to make himself comfortable his limbs remained stiff and numb with cold.

A Conversation

Presently his neighbor rapped again. Craig's bed was next the wall, and he raised himself on his elbow to listen.

"You can't sleep to-night," were the words that the knocking spelled. "Too cold. I want to talk to you. Listen to me."

The raps came short and sharp as though the man on the other side was of an eager, nervous temperament. Laurence rapped back in answer:

"I am listening."

The prisoner in the right hand cell appeared to be sleepless also, for his chains rattled continually. This noise in itself would have been sufficient to prevent the dull sound of the wall-knocking from distinctly reaching the outside warder's ears.

"I've been watching you for months," he said. "Left hand neighbor; I've wanted to talk to you, and there's plenty of time to-night. What I've got to say is worth staying awake for. Look out that the screw doesn't catch us. Are you lying down?"

Laurence gave two sharp knocks, meaning "Yes."

The conversation was disjointed, and many words were half spelled, but the meaning came quite clear.

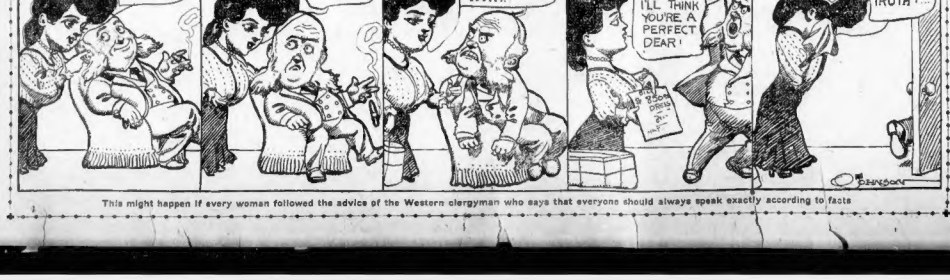
"I'll tell you all the other man. You—you—what's your name?"

"Laurence Craig."

"Have you a good position outside—any money?"

"Yes."

TO BE CONTINUED.


"MY DEAR, I'LL BE FRANK WITH YOU"
YOU'RE AN OLD FOOL
AND ALL I MARRIED YOU FOR WAS YOUR MONEY
SO IF YOU'LL JUST PAY FOR THIS NEW HAT AND GOWN I'LL THINK YOU'RE A PERFECT DEAR!
I THOUGHT HE WANTED ME TO TELL HIM THE TRUTH!

DOES IT PAY TO TELL THE TRUTH?

Copyright, 1905, by American Journal-Examiner

This might happen if every woman followed the advice of the Western clergyman who says that everyone should always speak exactly according to facts

Hearst's Boston American Pattern

A New Design in Blouse and Knickerbockers

No. 3,024—The little lad who has not yet reached the age of trousers needs many suits to keep him looking trim, and the economical mother will fashion these of durable fabrics. These suits must be loose and free, ready for the rough and tumble incident to boy life. Here is a new design in blouse and knickerbockers having tucked plaits in back. The wide collar is decidedly new, being tailor stitched and fastened to one side of the front. Blue serge will develop the suit for service. The medium size needs 2¾ yards of 36-inch material.

Pattern No. 3,024 is in four sizes, 2 to 8 years.

Send 10 cents to obtain this pattern, postpaid, and the size name and address to HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN PATTERN DEPT., P. O. Box 239, Boston, Mass.

No. 3,024.

SIZE.....

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

JACK HARKAWAY'S SON

His Adventures at Sea

BY CAPTAIN RICHARD RUDD

Copyright, 1905, by American-Journal-Examiner.

HAD Jack Harkaway realized fully what danger he was running when he went into the Cuban forest after Hunston he would doubtless have taken further precautions. But after he and his two companions had escaped the ambush in the woods, they were terribly startled to read in a morning paper the story of how Tony had been killed in Havana harbor during the night. Really, this man Hunston seemed to have his men everywhere.

CHAPTER XIV.

What Happened to Tony

DOWN the same night that Jack and his two companions were chasing the bandits, unsuspecting the terrible pit that lay in their path, Tony was confronting the great black at the door of a shack in Havana.

Although startled by the appearance of the man, Tony had not the slightest intention of being driven away.

He knew that Jack Harkaway's sweetheart had been taken to that cabin, and he proposed to find her or make somebody suffer.

And Tony, being a highly intelligent Sicilian, and withal possessed of a great deal of craft, did not mean that the suffering should come to him.

"Wha' you want?" said the black, with an ugly look on his face.

"Foods," said Tony, shortly, "I hungry."

"I ain' got no food. You go 'long."

"Just one leetel slice bread. Me very hungry," he pleaded again.

"Look here, you white," said the black, "if you hungry why don't yo' go where somebody's got some? This yere cabin belongs to a pooh man. He cyant give no bread nor nothin' else."

"All rights, I go," said Tony, and turned away.

The black grinned till his teeth showed to his ears, and he was about to close the door when Tony suddenly wheeled on him.

To Rescue Mabel

"Letta me in or getta da kill quick," he commanded.

The big darky fell back, for Tony had levelled at him the biggest pistol it had ever been his ill fortune to look into.

As he staggered in the doorway, his face turning to a sickly ashen color, Tony suddenly pocketed his weapon and sprang at his throat.

Although the negro was big and powerful, his strength was as infant's boy compared to Tony's giant muscles.

He was borne to the ground and before he realized what had happened was bound hand and foot and gagged, so securely that he could breathe with difficulty.

"It is very easy when you know de game," chuckled Tony, and, feeling no further bar to his entrance, he walked carefully into the house.

On the first room he found the girl, lying in a corner, shackled hand and foot and weeping bitterly.

She started from the sound of his step, and her face lost little of its fright when she beheld Tony.

"Oh, go away," she said, "You must go away. This house is full of my father's friends. They will kill you on sight."

"I takn da chance," said Tony, grimly. He bent over the girl, and with a deft manipulation of a small wire which he drew from his hat, freed her hands and feet free.

"Now come," he said. "This place bads for the health."

He drew her toward the door but she held back.

"It would only mean we should both be killed," she whispered. "Leave me alone, and you will be freed in the end. They fear my father as they do the devil, and they would not dare harm me. But if I were found trying to escape, I would be dashed to both of us."

She had hardly spoken the words before a door swung open and a low-browed Cuban, with an ugly white scar across his face, burst in.

Some Quick Work

He was amazed to see Tony, but like all his race he was quick witted, and prepared for instant action.

But the knife he swung over his head clattered harmlessly to the floor when Tony drew his great pistol, and without a word glared at him.

Mabel drew close to her protector instinctively.

"He is worst of all," she whispered. "Look out for him."

"Si," said Tony. "I looks out for him good."

There was a click as the hammer of the pistol fell, and the Spaniard lay writhing on the floor.

"This a goods gun," said Tony, quietly. "He should'na da sit. Makn no noise, but doa da big."

He walked to the writhing man, and bending over him laid a handkerchief over his face.

Then he pulled a bottle from his pocket and poured a little of its contents on the white cloth.

"Dats puts him to da sleep," he said. "And now we goa. This place very unhealth."

The girl was now ready to accompany him, for only one of her kidnappers remained, the Spaniard who had accompanied Hunston on his little excursion to the Bronx—the trip that finally landed him in the death cell at Sing Sing.

This man was not visible, but they knew his ways.

"We must keepa out da eye," he said. "Pretty soon our frin' pay us a little visit."

Taking Mabel by the hand, he led her to the door, keeping his eyes constantly on the.

They had hardly gained the threshold when there was a report, and Tony's hand went to his side.

A Bullet Wound

"Oh!" screamed Mabel, "you are shot!"

"Notta so much," said Tony, and gently toped through the door, pulling the girl after him.

They fled through the streets at a pace which sorely taxed the girl's splendid strength, but finally emerged on the water front.

Tony, who had apparently recovered from his wound, bundled the girl into the boat, and soon they were speeding out in the direction of the yacht, but toward the steamship dock.

Arrived there, Tony called a cab and took the girl to a quiet hotel of which he knew, placing her in charge of the proprietor's wife.

Then, with a great feeling of relief, he turned to go back to his launch.

As he stepped aboard he was overcome by a sudden faintness, and fell unconscious on the floor.

He lay there half an hour, unable to move, although his mind presently returned to him, and he remembered everything that had passed.

He ought to call for help, but was unable to do so, nor could he move a muscle.

The cut had lodged in the nerve near his spine, and his nerves were totally paralyzed.

And as he lay there thus helpless, he heard a step approaching and looked up to see the yellow face of the Spaniard peering at him over the gunwale of the launch.

TO BE CONTINUED.

TO THE BOY READERS OF THE BOSTON AMERICAN:

THE great French writer, Joubert, in one of his essays said: "Chance generally favors the prudent." This is a good thing to remember. When some other boy is advanced ahead of you in school or at your work, before you begin to let yourself feel envious stop and think whether it isn't your own fault after all.

Isn't there something you have done to hurt your chances? Isn't there something you have neglected to do that caused the other boy to be preferred? Be honest with yourself. Have you been prudent or foolish? Remember that chance generally favors the prudent.

JACK HARKAWAY, JR.

Henry M. Whitney's Daughter Who Is Engaged to Be Married

Miss Whitney, the charming daughter of the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, recently gave a party at which she announced her betrothal to Herbert Lyman, son of Arthur T. Lyman, of Brookline, the cotton king of Massachusetts.

STEAMER PICKS UP FISHERMAN

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Ben Benson, a Gloucester, Mass., fisherman who was lost from his smack in an open boat, has arrived here on the steamer Hellig Olav, from Copenhagen.

Benson was a member of the crew of the fishing schooner Arburus of Gloucester, and was on the fishing banks when he was lost in the fog. He was picked up from his dory by the steamer Nicholai II., from Boston for Copenhagen, and at the latter port was turned over to the American consul, who sent him to New York.

A companion of Ben Benson who was in the dory when they went adrift in the fog was also picked up by the Nicholai II. and taken to Copenhagen, but did not return.

PURE FOOD MAN FOUND DEAD IN WOODS

MANCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 18.—Alfred Tremblay of this city, a blacksmith, who had been working in Sunapee, was found dead in the woods near Sunapee Lake. It is alleged that he was ejected from the Sunapee Lake Hotel by the proprietor after disturbing the inmates on account of drinking to excess.

1,724 ON IVERNIA.

The Iverna, from Liverpool, expected in dock at East Boston at noon, brings 1,724 passengers, 331 saloon, 298 second and 1,325 third class.

CLUBWOMEN OF STATE ON FOOD ADULTERATION

Urge Need of Purity and Cleanliness of Edibles at Federation Meeting.

APPEAL TO LEGISLATURE

ATHOL, Oct. 18.—The Autumn meeting of the Massachusetts State Federation of Women's Clubs convening here, held an especially interesting session.

The address of welcome was extended by Mrs. Millerson, president Athol Woman's Club and responded to by Miss Helen A. Whittier, president of the Massachusetts State Federation.

An address with exhibit on "Food Adulteration" by Miss Caro Lake of Orange, N. J., closed the morning session.

Miss Lakey, who is a member of the pure food committee of the General Federation and chairman of the food investigation committee of the National Consumers' League, explained at length what is meant by the adulteration of foods, its cost to producer and consumer, and the relation of food to the moral tone of the people.

Massachusetts leads twenty States with pure food laws. Women are rousing themselves to fight against food adulteration, she said, and more women show resentment in the struggle the passage of the pure food bill is assured.

Cleanliness Most Important.

With the discovery that it was not so much the fats in the milk that mattered, said Miss Lakey, but the cleanliness surrounding its production that made it wholesome, a new era in producing pure dairy products was marked.

The point is to educate the farmers so that they will produce milk under absolutely sanitary conditions.

Miss Lakey exhibited samples of adulterated foods, among them were coffee, spices, mustard, vinegar, jelly, cream of tartar, baking powder and many others; also samples of cloth dyed with coal tar dyes and cloth passed through pure cotton.

Dr. Wiley's opinion of all chemical preservatives is that they are injurious, she said. The work for women is to rouse public opinion, to bring pressure to bear on the Senators who are opposed to signing the pure food bill, and to pledge every woman to demand labeled goods and to refuse goods that are not labeled.

Right Kind of Charity.

Mr. Joseph Lee, vice-president of the Massachusetts Civic League, spoke on the legislative work of the league, saying:

"We have painfully learned that to give to a beggar in the street is worse than useless. What is the conclusion? Are we to do nothing? I think not.

"The wholesale method of improvement of which you of the women's clubs are typical is that of seeing to it by legislation that people who sell things to the public shall not breed disease to eat shall make those things of food, and not of poison. This effort to control politics of woman the consumer will mean an immense gain to the American people in this and many other respects.

"What is the connection

EDITORIAL PAGE OF **HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN** WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 18

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST

50 AND 52 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, OCTOBER 18, 1905.

Mothers, Keep Your Babies' Hands Covered

And Train Them from the Beginning to Keep Their Fingers Out of Their Mouths

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Millions of mothers worry because "There is something wrong with the child's stomach."

Digestion is bad, sleep is irregular, the lips are crackled, unhealthy looking—there are signs of the dreaded colitis, which takes so many thousands of children to the grave.

The problem of mothers is hard and painful at best. Impure milk is a constant danger.

False diet, foolish feeding based on ignorance, **AND EATING AT IRREGULAR HOURS**, menace the health of many children.

The mother that has lost one child or more lives in constant apprehension, and is almost in despair when signs of illness show themselves.

We want to-day to impress upon all mothers **ONE THING THAT THEY CAN DO FOR THEIR CHILDREN.**

One of the most famous and one of the ablest doctors in New York was called in by a mother to take care of a child that showed signs of illness, and his first question was this:

"Does your baby put its fingers in its mouth a great deal?"

He then impressed upon the mother—her child was not quite two years old—that she must above all things prevent her baby from putting dirty fingers into its mouth.

And this is the idea that we want to impress upon all mothers TO-DAY, and that without putting them to the expense of seeing the doctor quoted above. From him a few words of advice would cost twenty-five dollars.

Remember that children are sometimes poisoned by disease germs **IN THEIR FOOD.**

But **FAR OFTENER THEY ARE POISONED BY GERMS STICKING TO THEIR FINGERS WHICH THEY PUT INTO THEIR MOUTHS.**

It doesn't matter how careful you may be, your child is bound to creep on the floor, to fall down upon its hands on the sidewalk, to grasp railings, etc.

Whenever a child's hands touch the sidewalks, or railings, or the floor, **THEY ARE APT TO COME IN CONTACT WITH GERMS THAT PRODUCE DISEASE.**

In the big cities especially this danger is great.

Ignorant men who should be controlled and punished by law sit upon the benches in the parks, spitting upon the sidewalks where little children are put to play.

This is actually a crime against human life—a crime none the less dreadful because it is based upon ignorance.

To see a consumptive sunning himself on a bench in the public park is pitiful. You pity the unfortunate man, as he coughs painfully, and he deserves pity.

But, as he scatters about him the germs of his disease, he is actually endangering and often destroying lives of healthy children that go to play in that park.

It is impossible to keep children shut in. It is impossible to keep them from the parks and the streets and from crawling about on the floor.

BUT IT IS POSSIBLE TO PROTECT THEM.

To the mother whom we have mentioned the able doctor said:

"Keeping your child's hands washed frequently is a good thing—but it is no protection.

"Keep COTTON GLOVES ON THE CHILD'S HANDS when it is playing anywhere outside of its nursery—and, better still, keep them on also when it plays on the nursery floor.

"A child will not put cotton gloves into its mouth—it doesn't like the feeling."

There is very simple advice for mothers that worry about their children's health.

If your baby is in the teething stage, you know how the wise old mothers will tell you that you must **EXPECT** trouble at that time.

You are told that teething affects the stomach and causes sickness, bowel complaint, etc.

Teething **DOES** affect the child's **DIGESTION.** But it does not actually introduce into its system the germs that produce disease—such as the dreadful Summer complaint.

Children are subject to disease especially when teething, **BECAUSE WHEN TEETHING THEY ALWAYS HAVE THEIR FINGERS IN THEIR MOUTHS**, and they are always introducing dangerous germs into their systems in that way.

Two pairs of cotton gloves for the baby would not cost very much—and we wish that the managers of big stores would put such gloves on sale as an act of public usefulness, and advertise them at the very lowest possible price.

We shall be glad to call particular attention to such as may advertise such gloves for babies in this newspaper at prices that the poorest mother can afford.

The washing of the gloves and stretching of the gloves is no great labor—it may save you many long hours and nights of watching with a sick baby.

Occasionally a child suffering from teething will put its fingers in its mouth in spite of wearing cotton gloves. In such a case very rough woolen gloves may be procured that will certainly answer the purpose.

Mothers can do much, also, by making it a habit from the baby's first day to train it to keep its fingers out of its mouth.

A gentle touch of the hand each time that the little fingers are put toward the lips will gradually accustom the child to the notion that its hands and its mouth must be kept separate.

Meanwhile we advise mothers of children under five years of age—and, better still, up to seven years of age—to try this experiment of keeping them gloved with cotton when they play on park sidewalks or street sidewalks exposed to disease germs.

P. S.—Some mothers will say: "Well, my baby always had his hands in his mouth, and **HE** didn't have gloves, and **HE** didn't get any disease."

We are glad to hear it. But what is true of one child is not true of another. And what is true of a child one day is not true of the same child **ANOTHER DAY.**

A child absolutely healthy and strong is able to throw off and get rid of the disease germs that get into its system. A perfectly healthy child with a heart acting strongly and the blood in good condition could swallow a good many tuberculosis germs without getting consumption.

But as soon as something happens, when the vitality is low, the heart acting feebly, **THE GERMS ARE NOT THROWN OFF.**

They establish a foothold, they breed with lightning rapidity, and then it is too late to save the child. Prevention is better than cure, and there is no better prevention than keeping the child's own hands from putting disease into its mouth.

MR. E. Z. MARK IS A HYPNOTIST

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1. STRANGER—Mr. Mark, you may not believe it, but you ARE a hypnotist. I will sit on this chair; you take this hypnotic wand and make a few passes in front of my face, command me to sleep, and you will find that I obey you.

2. MR. E. Z. (making the passes)—Eeney, meeny, miny mo! Sleep! By Jove! He HAS fallen to sleep! I HAVE hypnotized him! I must run, bring Mary and let her see. She will never believe me without seeing for herself. WONDERFUL!

3. MR. E. Z. (excitedly)—Mary, Mary! Come quick! Come down in the parlor quick! I want to show you a man down there that I have hypnotized. It's wonderful! I never knew I had the power. Come! Come!

4. MRS. MARK—Show me! Where is he! Hypnotized! He has gone! Oh! oh! oh! So has that $200 vase and our beautiful and priceless French clock. Oh, E. Z., THIS is the limit. I'll have you committed this very day.

IN BUGVILLE

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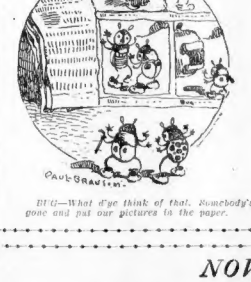
BUG—Come on out of your cellar, Mr. Worm. I don't think there's going to be a cyclone.

MISS BUG—Hold still a minute, Mr. Beetle, until I see if my hat's on straight.



BUG—What d'ye think of that, Somebody's gone and put our pictures in the paper.

BUG—Golly! It's dangerous to be walking around when the nuts begin to fall.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox

The Ex-Convict Can Find Plenty of Friends if He Seeks Aid with a Fixed Purpose to Reform

By Ella Wheeler Wilcox

ONE of the saddest phases of going wrong in life is the difficulty which attends the effort to go right after a desire for reformation sets in.

All the influences for evil on the earth and in the lower realms about the earth seem to combine to render the way of the transgressor hard and to block the path to honesty and virtue.

It is an easy matter to preach reformation to the erring and to congratulate them on their resolution to do better, but how few of us are ready to lend practical aid toward making the resolution possible.

Every moral woman who reads this column will say at once that she would do whatever lay in her power to help an erring girl or a sinful man reform.

Yet how many would take a reformed Magdalene or an ex-convict into their employ or even recommend either one to any house of business where they had influence?

I recollect the discouragement a few years ago of a good clergyman who tried to obtain a place for a young man who had served his term in prison and was anxious to lead a good life. No one of the wealthy parishioners would give the man a chance to earn an honest livelihood.

But a few people outside of the church were eventually found who lent a helping hand, and this ex-convict has for ten years lived a life of such probity and unselfishness and industry that it puts to shame such men as Mr. Chauncey M. Depew, Mr. Hyde, Mr. Alexander and Mr. McCall.

Wants to Reform

I HAVE just received a letter that appeals more strongly to my sympathies than anything which has come to my hand for many a day.

Here it is:

Friend—I would like to ask you a question. "How to reform?" I am an all-round crook. I have done time in Elmira Reformatory and Clinton Prison, and have just been released from Sing Sing Prison after doing five years and seven months. I would ask you to put it in the AMERICAN editorial page, "How a Crook Can Reform." You will do me a great favor to get the answer in the BOSTON AMERICAN.

The letter bears with it that indescribable atmosphere of sincerity which, by its presence or absence, always tells more than the written words of a letter to the open mind of the receiver.

My friend, the "all-round crook," has asked me a somewhat difficult question. He has a dark path behind him and a hard road before him.

But he has a *desire to reform*, and that, if he never loses sight of it, and never allows it to grow dim, will open the way to reformation and to a self-respecting future as surely as light leads out of darkness.

I would suggest that my friend go first of all to the Salvation Army people; they will ride him over the first troubled period and help him to feel the sense of human companionship, which is a support and a strength to one seeking a new and unknown way.

Ask the Y. M. C. A.

AMONG these good people, too, may be found those who will open the door to some self-supporting occupation.

Then I would suggest that he make an appeal to the Young Men's Christian Association in his vicinity. He can find the address by looking in the City Directory. The officers connected with this institution, and the young men who frequent it, ought to live up to the teaching of the gentle Master sufficiently to lift up the fallen and befriend the friendless.

Let my friend keep in mind that he does want to reform, and resolve that he will starve sooner than go back to the old ways; and let him begin now, if he has never learned to do so before, and lift up his heart in prayer to the great Source of All Goodness, and ask for Light and Strength to find the way to an honest, self-respecting life.

Help will be given by God and by men if he seeks it earnestly.

Ptolemy Brown--With A Moral for Students

By Wex Jones

THIS is the story of Ptolemy Brown,
Who possesses much money and more renown.
Some years ago he was all to the bad,
A big-boned, loose-jointed lott of a lad.
But his courage was high, his will was strong,
And he went to college to get along.
The professor said, as he looked him over:
"In the greatest of games, I think you'll score,
If you'll do your utmost to learn and learn,
And cast not a single glance astern."
And Ptolemy Brown said: "Yes, sir, I
Have come here to learn, and I'll try and try."
His lessons began with the other scrubs,
But Ptolemy soon outclassed the dubs.
The way that he gobbled up all the knowledge
Fairly astounded the wondering college,
And Ptolemy Brown
Was the talk of the town.
With his head-work, his tricks, his dodges, his cunning,
His punting and bucking and hurdling and running;
In short, like the lightning event of a dream,
Was the way he became the star of the team.
And he played for the college a number of seasons,
Till asked to retire, and confronted with reasons.
Thus Ptolemy Brown was turned loose on the nation
With nothing to live on except education;
But he didn't look round for a job very long,
For a dozen employers were after him strong.
They bid and they bid, but Brown was no traitor,
And accepted the terms of his old Alma Mater—
Especially since they were highest—and here
Is Ptolemy Brown, the chief coach of the year.
So boys, if you'd climb,
Pay heed to this rhyme,
And rake in much money and greater renown
By learning your lesson like Ptolemy Brown.

Thoughts shut up want air,
And spoil, like bales unopened to the sun.
EDWARD YOUNG.

Little Editorials from the People

ARE TEACHERS OR PARENTS TO BLAME?

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

In the BOSTON AMERICAN appears a piece by Ella Wheeler Wilcox entitled "Common Errors of Speech Would Not Exist if Public School Teachers Did Their Duty."

While what she says is good, yet I think she puts it pretty hard on the teachers when really they are not wholly to blame. Parents—educated ones, too—are to share this blame, I say. Very few children start to the public schools with any degree of knowledge as to the proper way of expressing even the simplest ideas. Why is this, when their parents would not think of using such expressions as Mrs. Wilcox recites? Simply this: "Baby talk sounds so cute?" that is, that is what most people think; but what a cruelty to children to let them go on day after day using words that are wrong only to learn later on, when they go to school, that they must learn all over again how to talk. No wonder teachers find it uphill work.

I have been a teacher, and realize the importance of teaching the first lessons correctly, and I never allow a wrong expression to go uncorrected even from the very first. It is much more "cute" to me to hear the small child using perfect English.

Yours for good English,

EMMA L. FURBUSH.

South Berwick, Me.

WHY NOT ADVERTISE FOR A WIFE?

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

I heartily indorse Mr. Rowland's remarks respecting matrimonial advertisements. Many leading British newspapers insert them, and many a happy marriage is the result. Speaking for myself, I remain a bachelor through lack of female acquaintances, and I know many men similarly fixed. So long as a happy marriage results, what matter how the couple became acquainted? All's well that ends well.

CLAN MACLEOD.

Boston.

NOW WHAT D'YE THINK OF THAT?

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Miss Brown had a neatly turned ankle

I noticed as much when it rained.

And I mentioned the fact, but she answered, with tact,

"Sir, my ankle's not turned; it is sprained."